# Dell OpenManage Server Administrator Version 7.3 CIM Reference Guide



## Notes, Cautions, and Warnings

Ø

NOTE: A NOTE indicates important information that helps you make better use of your computer.



CAUTION: A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.



WARNING: A WARNING indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.

#### © 2013 Dell Inc.

Trademarks used in this text: Dell™, the Dell logo, Dell Boomi™, Dell Precision™, OptiPlex™, Latitude™, PowerEdge™, PowerVault™, PowerConnect™, OpenManage™, EqualLogic™, Compellent™, KACE™, FlexAddress™, Force10™ and Vostro™ are trademarks of Dell Inc. Intel®, Pentium®, Xeon®, Core® and Celeron® are registered trademarks of Intel Corporation in the U.S. and other countries. AMD® is a registered trademark and AMD Opteron™, AMD Phenom™ and AMD Sempron™ are trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. Microsoft®, Windows®, Windows Server®, Internet Explorer®, MS-DOS®, Windows Vista® and Active Directory® are either trademarks or registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and/or other countries. Red Hat® and Red Hat® Enterprise Linux® are registered trademarks of Red Hat, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries. Novell® and SUSE® are registered trademarks of Novell Inc. in the United States and other countries. Oracle® is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Citrix®, Xen®, XenServer® and XenMotion® are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Citrix Systems, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries. VMware®, vMotion®, vCenter®, vCenter SRM™ and vSphere® are registered trademarks or Corporation.

2013 - 06

Rev. A00

## **Contents**

1 Introduction	
Server Administrator	
Whats New in This Release	
Documenting CIM Classes and Their Properties	7
Base Classes	
Parent Classes	
Classes That Describe Relationships	(
Dell-Defined Classes	(
Common Properties of Classes	(
Other Documents You May Need	11
Typographical Conventions	11
2 CIM_Physical Element	13
CIM_PhysicalElement	
CIM_PhysicalPackage	14
CIM_PhysicalFrame	15
CIM_Chassis	16
DELL_Chassis	16
CIM_PhysicalComponent	18
CIM_Chip	18
CIM_PhysicalMemory	19
CIM_PhysicalConnector	21
CIM_Slot	23
3 CIM_LogicalElement	27
CIM_LogicalElement	28
CIM_System	28
CIM_ComputerSystem	29
DELL_System	29
CIM_LogicalDevice	30
CIM_FRU	30
CIM_Sensor	31
CIM_DiscreteSensor	32
CIM_NumericSensor	33
CIM_TemperatureSensor	36
CIM_CurrentSensor	36
CIM_VoltageSensor	37
CIM Tachometer	37

CIM_WatchDog	38
CIM_CoolingDevice	39
CIM_Fan	39
CIM_UserDevice	40
CIM_PointingDevice	40
CIM_Keyboard	41
CIM_PowerSupply	42
CIM_Controller	43
CIM_ParallelController	43
CIM_SerialController	44
CIM_PCIController	45
CIM_PCIDevice	46
CIM_PCIBridge	46
CIM_Processor	47
CIM_StorageExtent	54
CIM_Memory	54
CIM_CacheMemory	55
DELL_SoftwareFeature	56
CIM_BIOSElement	57
CIM_SoftwareFeature	57
DELL_SoftwareFeature	58
CIM_SystemResource	59
CIM_IRQ	
CIM_MemoryMappedIO	61
CIM_DMA	61
CIM_RedundancyGroup	62
CIM_ExtraCapacityGroup	63
DELL_PSRedundancyGroup	63
DELL_FanRedundancyGroup	
CIM_EnabledLogicalElement	64
CIM_ServiceAccessPoint	64
CIM_RemoteServiceAccessPoint	65
DELL_RemoteServiceAccessPort	66
Dell-Defined Classes	69
DELL_PostLog	
DELL_CMApplication	
DELL_CMDevice	
DELL_CMDeviceApplication	
DELL_CMInventory	
DELL_CMOS	
DELL_CMProductInfo	

	DELL_BIOSExtensions	73
	DELL_BIOSSettings	73
	DELL_SDCardDevice	74
	DELL_NetworkPort	74
	DELL_PowerConsumptionAmpsSensor	77
	DELL_PowerConsumptionWattsSensor	78
	DELL_PowerConsumptionData	78
	DCIM_OEM_DataAccessModule	
	DCIM_RegisteredProfile	80
5 (	CIM_Dependency	81
	DELL_FanSensor	81
	CIM_PackageTempSensor	82
	CIM_PackageVoltSensor	82
	CIM_PackageCurrentSensor	83
	CIM_PackageFanSensor	83
	CIM_PackagePowerSupplySensor	83
	DELL_PackagePSRedundancy	84
	DELL_PSRedundancy	84
	DELL_AssociatedSupplyPCAmps	85
	DELL_AssociatedSystemPCWatts	85
	AssociatedSystemPCData	
	DELL_PowerProfileData	

## Introduction

This reference guide documents the Dell OpenManage Server Administrator Common Information Model (CIM) provider contained in the Management Object File (MOF) dccim32.mof.

CIM provides a conceptual model for describing manageable objects in a systems management environment. CIM is a modeling tool rather than a programming language. CIM provides the structure for organizing objects into a model of a managed environment. For modeling a managed environment, CIM makes available a set of abstract and concrete classes of objects. These classes model the basic characteristics of systems, networks, and applications, as well as groupings of management-related data.

For more information about CIM, see the Distributed Management Task Force (DMTF) website at **dmtf.org** and the Microsoft website at **microsoft.com**.

#### Server Administrator

Server Administrator provides a suite of systems management information for keeping track of your networked systems. In addition to providing systems management agents that are independent of the management console, Server Administrator supports these systems management standards: CIM and Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).

In addition to supporting systems management industry standards, Server Administrator provides additional systems management information about the specific components of your Dell system.

#### Whats New in This Release

For a list of platforms, Operating Systems, and Browsers support added and deprecated, refer to the *Dell OpenManage Server Administrator Version 7.3 User's Guide and Dell Systems Software Support Matrix Version 7.3* at **dell.com/support/manuals**.

#### **Documenting CIM Classes and Their Properties**

The Dell CIM provider extends support to Dell-specific software and hardware components. The Dell MOF defines the classes for the Dell CIM provider. All of the supported classes and properties in the MOF are documented in this guide.

The following subsections define some of the basic building blocks of CIM classes that are used in describing the dccim32 provider name. These subsections also explain how the elements used in describing these classes are organized. This section does not document the entire CIM schema, but only those classes and properties supported by the dccim32 provider. The list of properties for each supported class varies greatly.

The property values being presented could be NULL or empty string on some systems, although in general, some nonempty values can be expected. Key properties (listed below) always carry non-empty values. It is recommended that you use only the following properties as key attributes:

- CIM PhysicalElement: CreationClassName, Tag
- CIM\_System: CreationClassName, Name
- CIM\_LogicalDevice: SystemCreationClassName, SystemName, CreationClassName, DeviceID
- CIM\_Dependency: Antecedent, Dependent

- CIM\_SoftwareElement: Name, Version, SoftwareElementState, SoftwareElementID, TargetOperatingSystem
- CIM\_SoftwareFeature: IdentifyingNumber, ProductName, Vendor, Version, Name
- CIM\_IRQ: CSCreationClassName, CSName, CreationClassName, IRQNumber
- CIM\_MemoryMappedIO: CSCreationClassName, CSName, CreationClassName, StartingAddress
- CIM\_DMA: CSCreationClassName, CSName, CreationClassName, DMAChannel
- CIM\_RedundancyGroup: CreationClassName, Name
- **DELL EsmLog**: RecordNumber
- DELL\_PostLog: RecordNumber
- **DELL\_BIOSExtensions**: systemBIOSCharacteristics
- DELL\_BIOSSettings: DisplayName
- CIM\_ServiceAccessPoint: SystemCreationClassName, SystemName, CreationClassName, Name

#### **Base Classes**

The classes listed in the Server Administrator CIM provider class hierarchy do not have a parent property. These base classes do not derive from another class. The base classes are:

- CIM\_ManagedSystemElement
- CIM\_Dependency
- DELL EsmLog
- DELL\_PostLog
- DELL\_CMApplication
- DELL CMDevice
- DELL\_CMDeviceApplications
- DELL CMInventory
- DELL\_CMOS
- DELL\_CMProductInfo

The CIM\_ManagedSystemElement class is the base class for the system element hierarchy from which all other CIM classes are derived. As a result, CIM\_ManagedSystemElement has no parent. Examples of managed system elements include software components such as files, devices such as hard drives and controllers, and physical subcomponents of devices such as chip sets and cards. For the CIM\_ManagedSystemElement properties, see Caption, CreationClassName, Description, Name, and Status in Common Properties of Classes

The Dell-defined classes are not defined in the official schema by the DMTF, the industry group that defines the standards for CIM, and hence do not have parent classes. **CIM\_Dependency** does not have a parent class because it is a relationship or association between two managed system elements.

#### **Parent Classes**

Most classes in the dccim32 provider document both a *Class Name* and a *Parent Class* property. The parent class is the class from which any given class inherits its core properties. For example, the **CIM\_Controller** class has the **CIM\_LogicalDevice** class as its parent, and has various types of controllers (**CIM\_ParallelController**, **CIM\_SerialController**) as its children.

#### **Classes That Describe Relationships**

Classes that derive from **CIM\_Dependency** have **CIM\_Dependency** as their parent class, but they are documented in terms of *antecedent* and *dependent* elements in a relationship rather than in terms of common properties. Consider the following relationship between two **CIM\_ManagedSystemElements**:

Antecedent CIM\_PackageCurrentSensor

Dependent CIM\_PhysicalPackage

The CIM\_PackageCurrentSensor class monitors an entire physical package, such as all the components contained in a given system chassis. The CIM\_PhysicalPackage class is dependent on the CIM\_PackageCurrentSensor class for this monitoring function.

#### **Dell-Defined Classes**

Server Administrator has extended some CIM classes and has created new classes to assist in managing systems and their components. In this document, the illustrations of the classes created and populated by Dell are represented by an orange circle icon.

## **Common Properties of Classes**

Many classes have properties such as *Caption, Description,* and *CreationClassName*. Common Properties of Classes defines properties that have the same meaning in every class that has this property and are defined more than once in this guide.

**Table 1. Common Properties of Classes** 

Property	Description	Data Type
Caption	Describes the object using a short textual description (one-line string).	string
CreationClassName	Indicates the name of the class or the subclass used in the creation of an instance. When used with the other key properties of this class, this property allows all instances of this class and its subclasses to be uniquely identified.	string
CSCreationClassName	Indicates the computer system's creation class name.	string
CSName	Indicates the computer system's name.	string
CurrentReading	Indicates the actual current value indicated by the sensor in amperes.	sint32
Description	Provides a textual description of the object.	string
LowerThresholdNonCritical	If current reading is between lower threshold noncritical and upper threshold noncritical, the current state is normal. See Figure 3-2.	sint32

Property	Description	Data Type
LowerThresholdCritical	If the current reading is between upper threshold critical and upper threshold fatal, the current state is critical. See Figure 3-2.	sint32
IsLinear	Indicates that the sensor is linear over its dynamic range.	Boolean
Manufacturer	Provides the name of the organization responsible for producing the CIM_PhysicalElement or CIM_SoftwareElement. This may be the entity from whom the element is purchased, but not necessarily. Purchase information is contained in the vendor property of CIM_Product.	string
Name	Defines the label by which the object is known. When subclassed, the <i>Name</i> property can be overridden to be a <i>Key</i> property.	string
Status	Provides a string indicating the status of the component. Status values include:	string
	Operational Status Values:	
	<ul> <li>OK indicates that the object is functioning normally.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Degraded means that the item is functioning, but not optimally.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Stressed indicates that the element is functioning, but needs attention. Examples of Stressed states are overloaded, overheated, and so on.</li> </ul>	
	Nonoperational Status Values:	
	<ul> <li>Non-recover means that a nonrecoverable error has occurred.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Error means that an element has encountered an operational condition that is severe as compared to its normal mode of operation.</li> </ul>	
SystemCreationClassName	Indicates the system's creation class name.	string
UnitModifier	Provides the unit multiplier for the values returned by this sensor. All the values returned by this sensor are represented in units of 10 raised to the power of the unit modifier. If the unit modifier is –6, then the units of the values returned are microvolts. The units apply to all numeric properties of	sint32

Property	Description	Data Type
	the sensor, unless explicitly overridden by the units' qualifier.	
UpperThresholdCritical	If the current reading is between upper threshold critical and upper threshold fatal, the current status is critical. See Figure 3-2.	sint32
UpperThresholdNonCritical	If the current reading is between lower threshold noncritical and lower threshold critical, the current status is noncritical. See Figure 3-2.	sint32
Version	Version should be in the form <major>.<minor>.<revision> or <major>.<minor><letter><revision>; for example, 1.2.3 or 1.2a3.</revision></letter></minor></major></revision></minor></major>	string

#### Other Documents You May Need

Besides this *Dell OpenManage Server Administrator CIM Reference Guide*, you can find the following documents on the Dell Support website at **dell.com/support/manuals**:

- Dell OpenManage Server Administrator User's Guide documents the features, installation, and uninstallation of Server Administrator.
- Dell OpenManage Server Administrator Installation Guide contains instructions to help you install Dell OpenManage Server Administrator.
- Dell OpenManage Management Station Software Installation Guide contains instructions to help you install Dell
  OpenManage management station software that includes Baseboard Management Utility, DRAC Tools, and
  Active Directory Snap-In.
- Dell OpenManage Server Administrator Command Line Interface User's Guide explains how to perform tasks
  using the text-based command line interface.
- Dell OpenManage Server Administrator Messages Reference Guide lists the messages that you can receive on
  your systems management console or on your operating system's event viewer. This guide explains the text,
  severity, and cause of each message that the Server Administrator issues.
- Dell OpenManage Server Administrator SNMP Reference Guide documents the SNMP management information base (MIB). The SNMP MIB defines variables that cover the capabilities of Server Administrator systems management agents.
- The Glossary for information on terms used in this document.

### **Typographical Conventions**

The following example shows how most of the classes in the Dell CIM provider are documented. <u>CIM\_DMA Properties</u> shows a partial class description for the DELL\_DMA class.



NOTE: For a full class description, see <a href="CIM\_DMA Properties">CIM\_DMA Properties</a>.

Class Name appears in Courier typeface and provides the string that names the class in the MOF.

Parent Class appears in Courier typeface and provides the name of the class from which the present class is derived.

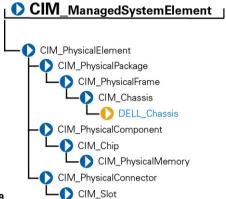
Property denotes the name of the attribute that is being defined for this class.

Description includes text that defines the property.

Data Type stipulates the format that the values of this property must take. Common data types include Boolean, string, and various types of integer. Boolean indicates that the property must be expressed as one of two alternatives.

## CIM\_Physical Element

CIM\_PhysicalElement is a CIM-defined class. The CIM\_PhysicalElement class contains the subclasses shown in Figure



CIM\_PhysicalElement Class Structure

## CIM\_PhysicalElement



Subclasses of the **CIM\_PhysicalElement** class listed in Table below define any component of a system that has a distinct physical identity. Physical elements are tangible managed system elements (usually actual hardware items) that have a physical manifestation of some sort. By contrast, processes, files, and logical devices are not classified as physical elements. A managed system element is not necessarily a discrete component. A single card (which is a type of physical element) can host more than one logical device.

One card, for example, could implement both a modem and a local area network (LAN) adapter. In this case, the card would be represented by a single physical element associated with multiple logical devices.

Table 2. CIM\_PhysicalElement Properties

Class Name: CIM\_PhysicalElement

Parent Class: CIM\_ManagedSystemElement

Property	Description	Data Type
CreationClassName	See Common Properties of Classes	
Manufacturer	See <u>Common Properties of</u> <u>Classes</u>	
Model	The name by which the physical element is generally known.	string

SerialNumber A manufacturer-allocated

number used to identify the

string

physical element.

Tag Uniquely identifies the string

physical element and serves as the element's key. The Tag property can contain information such as asset tag or serial number data. The key for a physical element is placed very high in the object hierarchy in order to identify the hardware/entity

independently, regardless of the physical placement in or on cabinets, adapters, and so on. For example, a hotswappable or removable component can be taken from its containing (scoping) package and be temporarily unused. The object still continues to exist and may even be inserted into a different scoping container. Therefore, the key for the physical element is an arbitrary string that is defined independently of

any placement or locationoriented hierarchy.

## CIM\_PhysicalPackage



The **CIM\_PhysicalPackage** class listed in Table below represents physical elements that contain or host other components. Examples are a rack enclosure or an adapter card with multiple functions.

#### Table 3. CIM\_PhysicalPackage Properties

Class Name: CIM\_PhysicalPackage

Parent Class: CIM\_PhysicalElement

 Property
 Description
 Data Type

 Removable
 A CIM PhysicalPackage is removable
 Boolean

if it is designed to be taken in and out of

the physical container in which it is

normally found without impairing the function of the overall package.

Replaceable A CIM\_PhysicalPackage is replaceable Boolean

if it is possible to substitute a physically different element for the original element, as in a field replaceable unit (FRU). For example, some computer systems allow the microprocessor to be upgraded to one of a higher clock rating. In this case, the microprocessor is said to be replaceable.

## CIM\_PhysicalFrame

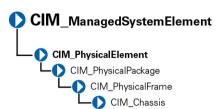


The **CIM\_PhysicalFrame** class described in Table properties contains other frame enclosures such as racks and chassis. Properties like **VisibleAlarm** or **AudibleAlarm**, and data related to security breaches are also members of this class.

Table 4. CIM\_Physical Frame Properties

Class Name:	CIM_PhysicalFrame	
Parent Class:	CIM_PhysicalPackage	
Property	Description	Data Type
LockPresent	Indicates whether the frame is protected with a lock.	Boolean
AudibleAlarm	Indicates whether the frame is equipped with an audible alarm.	Boolean
VisibleAlarm	Indicates that the equipment includes a visible alarm.	Boolean
SecurityBreach	An enumerated, integer-valued property indicating that a physical breach of the frame is in progress. Values for the <b>SecurityBreach</b> property are:	uint16
	<b>1 -</b> Other <b>2 -</b> Unknown <b>3</b> - No breach <b>4</b> - Breach attempted <b>5</b> - Breach successful	
IsLocked	Indicates that the frame is currently locked.	Boolean

## CIM\_Chassis



The **CIM\_Chassis** class described in Table below represents the physical elements that enclose physical elements such as power supplies, fans, and processors.

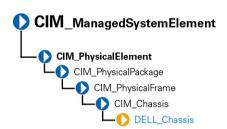
#### Table 5. CIM\_Chassis Parent Properties

Class Name: CIM\_Chassis

Parent Class:CIM\_PhysicalFrame

Property	Description	Data Type
ChassisTypes	Values for the <b>ChassisTypes</b> property are:	uint16
	1. Other	
	2. Unknown	
	3. Mini-tower	
	4. Tower	
	5. Space-saving	
	6. Main system chassis	
	7. Expansion chassis	
	8. Subchassis	
	9. Space-saving	
	10. Main system chassis	
	11. Expansion chassis	
	12. Subchassis	
	13. Bus expansion chassis	
	14. Peripheral chassis	
	15. Storage chassis	
	16. Rack-mount chassis	

## **DELL\_Chassis**



The **DELL\_Chassis** class explained in Table below defines the identifying and status properties of the chassis. **DELL\_Chassis** inherits from CIM-defined classes, but is populated by Dell properties.

#### Table 6. DELL\_Chassis Properties

Class Name:	DELL_Chassis	
Parent Class:	CIM_Chassis	
Property	Description	Data Type
AssetTag	Indicates the container <b>AssetTag</b> string. This asset tag string is assigned by the system administrator.	string
SystemClass	Refers to the system type that is installed and running the instrumentation. Values for the <b>SystemClass</b> property are:	uint16
	1 - Other 2 - Unknown 3 - Workstation 4	
	- Server <b>5</b> - Desktop <b>6</b> - Portable <b>7</b> - Net PC	
SystemID	Indicates the system identifier code.	uint16
LogFormat	Defines whether the event log data is unicode formatted or binary (raw). Values for the event <b>LogFormat</b> property are:	uint16
	<b>1</b> - Formatted (event log only) <b>2</b> - Unformatted	
	<b>3</b> - Events_and_POST_Formatted (both the event log and the power-on selftest (POST) log are unicode formatted)	
FanStatus	Indicates the global status of fan sensors.	string
TempStatus	Indicates the global status of temperature sensors.	string
VoltStatus	Indicates the global status of voltage sensors.	string
AmpStatus	Indicates the global status of current sensors.	string
PsStatus	Indicates the global status of power supplies.	string
MemStatus	Indicates the global status of memory devices.	string
ProcStatus	Indicates the global status of processor devices.	string
FanRedStatus	Indicates the global status of the cooling unit.	string
PsRedStatus	Indicates the global status of the power unit.	string
IsDefaultThrSupported	Indicates whether resetting default thresholds are supported.	Boolean

Class Name:	DELL_Chassis	
Parent Class:	CIM_Chassis	
Property	Description	Data Type
ChassisSystemProperties	Indicates chassis characteristics, such as energy smart and so on.	uint16
ChassisSystemRevision	Indicates the chassis revision.	uint16
EsmLogStatus	Indicates the global status of ESM log.	string
MemoryRedStatus	Indicates the global status of memory redundancy.	string
ChassisExpressServiceCode	Indicates the chassis express service code.	string

## CIM\_PhysicalComponent



The **CIM\_PhysicalComponent** class listed in Table below represents any low-level or basic component within a package. A component object either cannot or does not need to be broken down into its constituent parts. For example, an application specific integrated circuit (ASIC) cannot be broken down into smaller discrete parts.

#### Table 7. CIM\_PhysicalComponent Properties

Class Name: CIM\_PhysicalComponent

Parent Class: CIM\_PhysicalElement

## CIM\_Chip



The **CIM\_Chip** class listed in <u>Chip Properties</u> represents any type of integrated circuit hardware, including ASICs, processors, memory chips, and so on.

#### Table 8. CIM\_Chip Properties

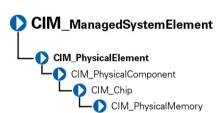
Class Name: CIM\_Chip

Parent Class: CIM\_PhysicalComponent

Property	Description	Data Type
FormFactor	<b>0</b> — Unknown	uint16
	<b>1</b> — Other	
	<b>2</b> — SIP	

- 3 DIP
- **4** ZIP
- **5** SOJ
- 6 Proprietary
- **7** SIMM
- 8 DIMM
- 9 TSOP
- **10** PGA
- 11 RIMM
- **12** SODIMM
- **13** SRIMM
- **14** SMD
- **15** SSMP
- **16** QFP
- **17** TQFP
- **18** SOIC
- **19** LCC
- **20** PLCC
- 21 BGA
- **22** FPBGA
- 23 LGA
- **24** FB-DIMM

## CIM\_PhysicalMemory



The **CIM\_PhysicalMemory** class listed in <u>PhysicalMemoryProperties</u> is a subclass of CIM\_Chip, representing low-level memory devices, such as SIMMs, DIMMs, and so on.

#### Table 9. CIM\_PhysicalMemory Properties

Class Name: CIM\_PhysicalMemory

Parent Class: CIM\_Chip

Property	Description	Data Type
FormFactor	See Chip Properties	uint16
MemoryType	Indicates the type of physical memory. Values for the MemoryType property are:	uint16
	<b>0</b> - Unknown	
	<b>1</b> - Other	
	<b>2</b> - DRAM	

- 3 Synchronous DRAM
- 4 Cache DRAM
- **5** EDO
- 6 EDRAM
- **7** VRAM
- 8 SRAM
- 9 RAM
- **10** ROM
- **11** Flash
- **12** EEPROM
- 13 FEPROM
- 14 EPROM
- **15** CDRAM
- 16 3DRAM
- 17 SDRAM
- 18 SGRAM
- 19 RDRAM
- 20 DDR
- **21** DDR2
- 22 DDR2 FB-DIMM

DataWidth property.

- 24 DDR3
- **25** FBD2

TotalWidth

Indicates the total width, in bits, of the physical memory, including check or error correction bits. If there are no error correction bits, the value in this property should match that specified for the

DataWidth

Indicates the data width, in bits, of the physical memory. A data width of 0 and a total width of 8 would indicate that the memory is solely used to provide error correction bits.

Speed

Indicates the speed of the uint32 physical memory, in nanoseconds.

Rank

The Rank values of DIMM unit32 are:

- 0 Unknown
- 1 Single
- **2** Dual
- **4** Quad
- 8 Octal

16 - Hexa

SpeedAsString Indicates the accurate

Indicates the accurate string speed of the physical

(with units).

Capacity

Indicates the total capacity uint64

string

of this physical memory, in

memory, in string format

bytes.

BankLabel A string identifying the

physically labeled bank where the memory is located, for example, "Bank

0" or "Bank A."

PositionInRow Specifies the position of the uint32

physical memory in a "row." For example, if it takes two 8-bit memory devices to form a 16-bit row, then a value of 2 means that this memory is the second device. 0 is an invalid value

for this property.

InterleavePosition Indicates the position of this uint32

physical memory in an interleave. 0 indicates noninterleaved. 1 indicates the first position, 2 the second position, and so on. For example, in a 2:1 interleave, a value of 1 indicates that the memory is in the "even" position.

## CIM\_PhysicalConnector





The **CIM\_PhysicalConnector** class listed in <u>Physical Connector Properties</u> includes physical elements such as plugs, jacks, or buses that connect physical elements. Any object that can be used to connect and transmit signals or power between two or more physical elements is a member of this class. For example, slots and D-shell connectors are types of physical connectors. See <u>Connector Type Values</u> for a list of valid connector type values.

Table 10. CIM\_PhysicalConnector Properties

Class Name: CIM\_PhysicalConnector Parent Class: CIM\_PhysicalElement

Property Description Data Type

ConnectorPinout	A free-form string describing the pin configuration and signal usage of a physical connector.	string
ConnectorType	An array of integers defining the type of physical connector. An array is specified to allow the description of "combinations" of connector information. For example, one array entry could specify RS-232, another DB-25, and a third	uint16

connector as male. See
Connector Type Values for
the values of the
ConnectorType property.

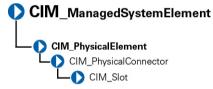
entry could define the

#### Table 11. Connector Type Values

0 - Unknown	30 - unused	60 - Micro-DIN	90 - On board IDE Connector
1 - Other	31 - unused	61 - PS/2	91 - On board floppy
2 - Male	32 - IEEE-48	62 - Infrared	92 - 9 Pin dual inline
3 - Female	33 - AUI	63 - unused	93 - 25 Pin dual inline
4- Shielded	34 - UTP Category 3	64 - Access bus	94 - 50 Pin dual inline
5 - Unshielded	35 - UTP Category 4	65 - unused	95 - 68 Pin dual inline
6 - SCSI (A) High-Density (50 pins)	36 - UTP Category 5	66 - Centronics	96 - On board sound connector
7 - SCSI (A) Low-Density (50 pins)	37 - BNC	67 - Mini-Centronics	97 - Mini-jack
8 - SCSI (P) High-Density (68 pins)	38 - RJ11	68 - Mini-Centronics Type-14	98 - PCI-X
9 - SCSI SCA-I (80 pins)	39 - RJ45	69 - Mini-Centronics Type-20	99 - Sbus IEEE 1396-1993 32- bit
10 - SCSI SCA-II (80 pins)	40 - Fiber MIC	70 - Mini-Centronics Type-26	100 - Sbus IEEE 1396-1993 64-bit
11 - Fibre Channel (DB-9 Copper)	41 - unused	71 - Bus mouse	101 - unused
12 - Fibre Channel (Fiber Optical)	42 - unused	72 - ADB	102 - GIO
13 - Fibre Channel SCAII (40 pins)	43 - PCI	73 - AGP	103 - XIO
14 - Fibre Channel SCAII (20 pins)	44 - ISA	74 - VME bus	104 - HIO

15 - Fibre Channel BNC	45 - unused	75 - VME64	105 - NGIO
16 - ATA 3-1/2 inch (40 pins)	46 - VESA	76 - Proprietary	106 - PMC
17 - ATA 2-1/2 inch (44 pins)	47 - unused	77 - Proprietary processor card slot	107 - MTRJ
18 - ATA-2	48 - unused	78 - Proprietary memory card slot	108 - VF-45
19 - ATA-3	49 - unused	79 - Proprietary I/O riser slot	109 - Future I/O
20 - ATA/66	50 - unused	80 - PCI-66 MHz	110 - SC
21 - DB-9	51 - unused	81 - AGP2X	111 - SG
22 - DB-15	52 - unused	82 - AGP4X	112 - Electrical
23 - DB-25	53 - USB	83 - PC-98	113 - Optical
24 - DB-36	54 - IEEE 1394	84 - PC-98-Hireso	114 - Ribbon
25 - RS-232C	55 - HIPPI	85 - PC-H98	115 - GLM
26 - RS-422	56 - HSSDC (6 pins)	86 - PC-98Note	116 - 1x9
27 - RS-423	57 - GBIC	87 - PC-98Full	117 - Mini SG
28 - RS-485	58 - DIN	88 - SSA SCSI	118 - LC
29 - RS-449	59 - Mini-DIN	89 - Circular	119 - HSSC

## CIM\_Slot



The **CIM\_Slot** class listed in Table below represents connectors into which packages are inserted. For example, a physical package that is a hard drive can be inserted into a small computer system interface-single connector attachment (SCSI-SCA) slot. As another example, a card can be inserted into a 16-, 32-, or 64-bit expansion slot on a host board

#### Table 12. CIM\_Slot Properties

## Class Name:class CIM\_Slot Parent Class: CIM\_PhysicalConnector

<i>- ,</i>		
Property	Description	Data Type
ConnectorType	See Connector Type Values	uint16
SupportsHotPlug	Indicates whether the slot supports hot-plug adapter cards.	Boolean
MaxDataWidth	Indicates the maximum bus width in bits of adapter cards that can be inserted	uint16

into this slot. Values for the MaxDataWidth property are as follows:

- 0 Unknown
- 1 Other
- 8 bits
- 16 bits
- 32 bits
- 64 bits
- 128 bits

#### SystemSlotType

Indicates the type of system slot. Values for the

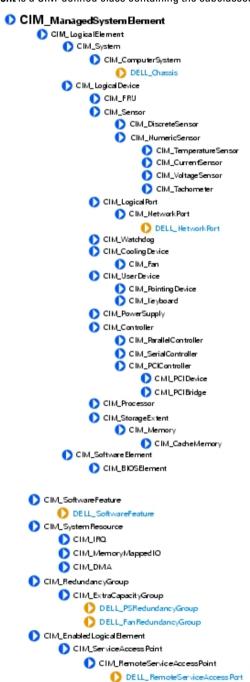
SystemSlotType property

- are as follows:
- **1** Other
- 2 Unknown
- 3 ISA
- 4 MCA
- 5 EISA
- 6 PCI
- 7 PCMCIA
- 8 VL-VESA
- 9 Proprietary
- 10 Processor card Slot
- 11- Proprietary memory card slot
- 12- I/O Riser card slot
- 13 NuBus
- 14- PCI 66MHz capable
- 15 AGP
- 16 AGP 2X
- 17 AGP 4X
- 18 PCI-X
- 19 AGP 8X
- 160 PC-98/C20
- 161 PC-98/C24
- 162 PC-98/E
- 163 PC-98/Local bus
- 164 PC-98/Card
- 165 PCI Express
- 166 PCI Express x1
- 167 PCI Express x2
- 168 PCI Express x4
- 169 PCI Express x8
- 170 PCI Express x16
- 171 PCI Express Gen 2
- 172 PCI Express Gen 2 x1

- 173 PCI Express Gen 2 x2
- 174 PCI Express Gen 2 x4
- 175 PCI Express Gen 2 x8
- **176** PCI Express Gen 2 x16

## CIM\_LogicalElement

CIM\_LogicalElement is a CIM-defined class containing the subclasses described in below Figure .



## CIM\_LogicalElement



Table properties lists the following characteristics for members of the **CIM\_LogicalElement** class:

- Represent abstractions used to manage and coordinate aspects of a physical environment such as files, processes, systems, system capabilities, and network components in the form of logical devices
- Represent devices, where devices are abstractions of hardware entities that may or may not be realized in
  physical hardware

#### Table 13. CIM\_LogicalElement Properties

Class Name: CIM\_LogicalElement

Parent Class: CIM\_ManagedSystemElement

#### CIM\_System



The **CIM\_System** class described in Table below defines a collection of managed system elements that operates as a functional whole. An instance of the **CIM\_System** class contains a well-defined list of components that work together to perform a specific function.

#### Table 14. CIM\_System Properties

Class Name: CIM\_System

Parent Class:CIM\_LogicalElement

Property	Description	Data Type
CreationClassName	See <u>Common Properties of</u> <u>Classes</u>	string
Name	Indicates the name of a specific system, such as a particular storage system or server.	string
PrimaryOwnerContact	Provides information about how the primary system owner can be reached, for example, a phone number or e-mail address.	string

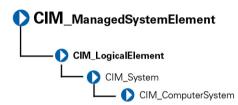
PrimaryOwnerName Indicates the name of the string

primary system owner.

Roles An array of strings that string

specifies the roles this
system plays in the IT
environment. For example,
for an instance of a network
system, the **Roles** property
might contain the string
"storage system."

### **CIM ComputerSystem**



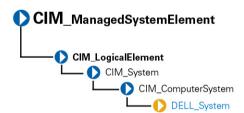
The CIM\_ComputerSystem class described in Table below contains some or all of the following CIM\_ManagedSystemElements: file system, operating system, processor, and memory (volatile and/or nonvolatile storage). For properties, see CIM\_System Properties.

#### Table 15. CIM\_ComputerSystem Properties

Class Name: CIM\_ComputerSystem

Parent Class: CIM System

## **DELL\_System**



The **DELL\_System** class described in Table below is the set of all Dell instrumented systems, including server, and storage systems. For properties, see <a href="CIM\_System Properties">CIM\_System Properties</a>

#### Table 16. DELL\_System Properties

Class Name: DELL System

Parent Class: CIM ComputerSystem

### CIM\_LogicalDevice



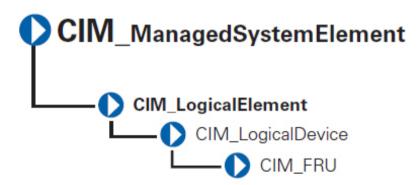
The **CIM\_LogicalDevice** class described below Table models a hardware entity that may be realized in physical hardware. **CIM\_LogicalDevice** includes any characteristics of a logical device that manages its operation or configuration. An example of a logical device is a temperature sensor's reading of the actual temperature.

Table 17. CIM\_Logical Device Properties

Class Name: CIM\_LogicalDevice Parent Class: CIM\_LogicalElement

Property	Description	Data Type
SystemCreationClassName	See <u>Common Properties of</u> <u>Classes</u>	string
SystemName	Indicates the scoping system's name.	string
CreationClassName	See <u>Common Properties of</u> <u>Classes</u>	string
DeviceID	Identifies an address or other identifying information to uniquely name the logical device.	string

#### CIM\_FRU



The **CIM\_FRU** class described in <u>FRU Properties</u> contains manufacturing information related to the Field Replaceable Units (FRU) of a system such as a system planar or I/O riser card.

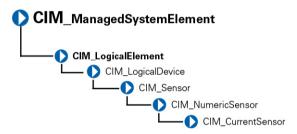
Table 18. CIM\_FRU Properties

Class Name: CIM\_FRU

Parent Class: CIM\_LogicalDevice

Property	Description	Data Type
FRUInformationState	Indicates the state and availability of FRU information.	uint 16
FRUDeviceName	Indicates the device name of the FRU.	string
FRUManufacturingDateNam e	Indicates the manufacturing date of the FRU in ticks.	datetime
FRUManufacturerName	Indicates the name of the manufacturer.	string
FRUPartNumberName	Indicates the FRU part number.	string
FRUSerialNumberName	Indicates the FRU serial number.	string
FRURevisionName	Indicates the FRU revision number.	string

## CIM\_Sensor



The **CIM\_Sensor** class described in Table below contains hardware devices capable of measuring the characteristics of some physical property, for example, the temperature or voltage characteristics of a computer system

#### Table 19. CIM\_Sensor Properties

Class Name: CIM\_Sensor Parent Class: CIM\_LogicalDevice

Property	Description	Data Type
SensorType	Indicates the type of the sensor, for example, voltage or temperature sensor.	uint16
	Values for the SensorType property are:	
	<b>0</b> - Unknown	
	<b>1</b> - Other	
	<b>2</b> - Temperature sensors measure the environmental temperature.	
	<b>3</b> - Voltage sensors measure electrical voltage.	

- **4** Current sensors measure current readings.
- 5 Tachometers measure speed/revolutions of a device. For example, a fan device can have an associated tachometer that measures its speed.
- **6** Batteries maintain the time and date and save the system's BIOS configuration when the system is turned

off.

OtherSensorType Description Indicates the

type of sensor when the SensorType property is set

string

to Other.

PossibleStates Enumerates the string string

outputs of the sensor. For example, a NumericSensor can report states based on

threshold readings.

CurrentState Indicates the current state string

of the sensor. This value is always one of the Possible

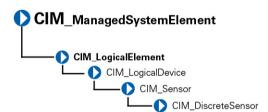
States.

PollingInterval Indicates the polling uint64

interval, in nanoseconds, that the sensor hardware or instrumentation uses to determine the current state

of the sensor.

## CIM\_DiscreteSensor



The **CIM\_DiscreteSensor** class described in Table below has a set of legal string values that it can report. The **CIM\_DiscreteSensor** always has a "current reading" that corresponds to one of the enumerated values.

Table 20. CIM\_DiscreteSensor Properties

Class Name: CIM\_DiscreteSensor

Parent Class: CIM\_Sensor

Property Description Data Type

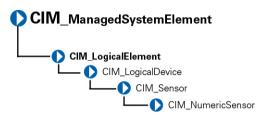
CurrentReading See Common Properties of sint32

Classes

Possible Values Enumerates the string sint 32

outputs that can be reported by the sensor.

## CIM\_NumericSensor



The **CIM\_NumericSensor** class described in <u>NumericSensor Properties</u> returns numeric settings and may also support threshold settings. Figure below shows the relationship among upper and lower critical and upper and lower non-critical threshold values. The normal range falls between upper and lower non-critical thresholds.

Figure: Ranges for Threshold Values

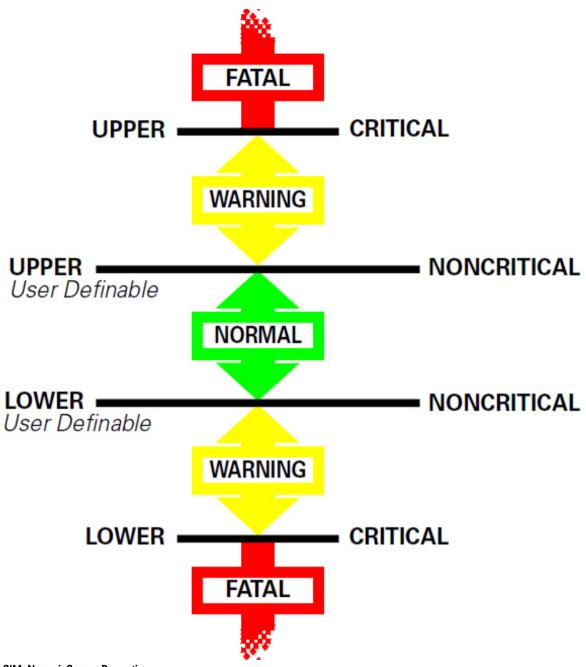


Table 21. CIM\_NumericSensor Properties

Class Name: CIM\_NumericSensor Parent Class: CIM\_Sensor

 Property
 Description
 Data Type

 UnitModifier
 See Common Properties of sint32
 sint32

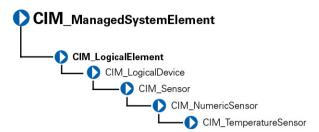
Classes

CurrentReading See Common Properties of sint32

Classes

IsLinear	See Common Properties of Classes	Boolean
LowerThresholdNonCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
UpperThresholdNonCritical	See <u>Common Properties of</u> <u>Classes</u>	sint32
LowerThresholdCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
UpperThresholdCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
SupportedThresholds	An array representing the thresholds supported by this sensor. The supported values are as follows:  1 - LowerThresholdNonCritical 2 - UpperThresholdNonCritical 3 - LowerThresholdCritical 4 - UpperThresholdCritical	uint16
EnabledThresholds	An array representing the thresholds that are currently enabled for this sensor.  Enabled threshold values are as follows:  1 - LowerThresholdNonCritical 2 - UpperThresholdNonCritical 3 - LowerThresholdCritical 4 - UpperThresholdCritical	uint16
SettableThresholds	An array representing the writable thresholds supported by this sensor. Settable threshold values are:  1 - LowerThresholdNonCritical 2 - UpperThresholdNonCritical	uint16

## **CIM\_TemperatureSensor**



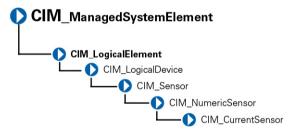
The **CIM\_TemperatureSensor** class described in Table below contains sensors that sample ambient temperature and return a value in degrees celsius.

#### Table 22. CIM\_TemperatureSensor Properties

Class Name: CIM\_TemperatureSensor Parent Class: CIM\_NumericSensor

Property	Description	Data Type
UnitModifier	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
CurrentReading	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
IsLinear	See Common Properties of Classes	Boolean
LowerThresholdNonCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
UpperThresholdNonCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
LowerThresholdCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
UpperThresholdCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32

## CIM\_CurrentSensor



The **CIM\_CurrentSensor** class described in Properties Table below contains sensors that measure amperage and return a value in amperes and watts.

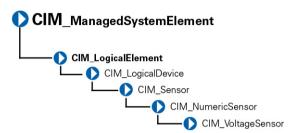
#### Table 23. CIM\_CurrentSensor Properties

Class Name: CIM\_CurrentSensor Parent Class: CIM\_NumericSensor

Property	Description	Data Type
UnitModifier	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
CurrentReading	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32

IsLinear	See Common Properties of Classes	Boolean
LowerThresholdNonCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
UpperThresholdNonCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
LowerThresholdCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
UpperThresholdCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32

## CIM\_VoltageSensor



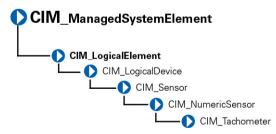
The **CIM\_VoltageSensor** class described in Table below contains sensors that measure voltage and return a value in volts. Table

Table 24. CIM\_VoltageSensor Properties

Class Name: CIM\_VoltageSensor Parent Class: CIM\_NumericSensor

Property	Description	Data Type
UnitModifier	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
CurrentReading	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
IsLinear	See Common Properties of Classes	Boolean
LowerThresholdNonCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
UpperThresholdNonCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
LowerThresholdCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
UpperThresholdCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32

# CIM\_Tachometer



The **CIM\_Tachometer** class described in Table below contains devices that measure revolutions per minute (RPM) of a fan and return the value in RPMs.

Table 25. CIM\_Tachometer Properties

Class Name: CIM\_Tachometer
Parent Class: CIM\_NumericSensor

Property	Description	Data Type
SensorType	See Common Properties of Classes	uint16
UnitModifier	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
CurrentReading	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
IsLinear	See Common Properties of Classes	Boolean
LowerThresholdNonCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
UpperThresholdNonCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32

## CIM\_WatchDog



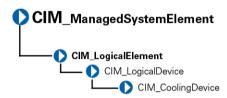
The **CIM\_WatchDog** class described in Table below represents a timer that is implemented in system hardware. The watchdog feature allows the hardware to monitor the state of the operating system, BIOS, or a software component installed on the system. If the monitored component fails to rearm the timer before its expiration, the hardware assumes that the system is in a critical state and could reset the system. This feature can also be used as an application watchdog timer for a mission-critical application. In this case, the application would assume responsibility for rearming the timer before expiration.

Table 26. CIM\_WatchDog Properties

Class Name:	CIM_WatchDog	
Parent Class:	CIM_LogicalDevice	
Property	Description	Data Type
MonitoredEntity	Indicates the entity that is currently being monitored by the watchdog feature. This property is used to identify the module that is responsible for rearming the watchdog at periodic intervals. Values for the MonitoredEntity property are:	uint16
	1 - Unknown	
	<b>2</b> - Other	
	3 - Operating System	
MonitoredEntity Description	A string describing additional textual information about the monitored entity.	string
TimeoutInterval	Indicates the time-out interval used by the watchdog, in microseconds.	uint32

Class Name:	CIM_WatchDog	
Parent Class:	CIM_LogicalDevice	
Property	Description	Data Type
TimerResolution	Indicates the resolution of the watchdog timer. For example, if this value is 100, then the timer can expire anytime between –100 microseconds and +100 microseconds.	uint32

# CIM\_CoolingDevice

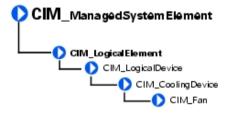


The **CIM\_CoolingDevice** class described in <u>CIM\_CoolingDevice</u> contains a set of devices that work to keep the ambient internal temperature of the system at a safe value.

Table 27. CIM\_CoolingDevice Properties

Class Name:	CIM_CoolingDevice	CIM_CoolingDevice	
Parent Class:	CIM_LogicalDevice		
Property	Description	Data Type	
ActiveCooling	Specifies whether the device provides active (as opposed to passive) cooling.	Boolean	

## CIM\_Fan



The **CIM\_Fan class** described in below Table contains a set of devices that work to keep the ambient internal temperature of the system at a safe value by circulating air.

#### Table 28. CIM\_Fan Properties

Class Name: CIM Fan

Parent Class: CIM\_CoolingDevice

Property Description Data Type

VariableSpeed Specifies if the fan supports variable Boolean

speeds.

DesiredSpeed Indicates the currently requested fan uint64

speed, defined in RPM. When the VariableSpeed value is TRUE, the fan supports variable speeds. When a variable speed fan is supported (VariableSpeed is TRUE), the actual speed is determined using a sensor (CIM\_Tachometer) that is associated

with the fan.

### CIM\_UserDevice



The **CIM\_UserDevice** class described in Table below contains logical devices that allow a system's users to input or view data. Classes derived from **CIM\_UserDevice** include **CIM\_Keyboard** and **CIM\_PointingDevice**.

#### Table 29. CIM\_UserDevice Properties

Class Name: CIM\_UserDevice

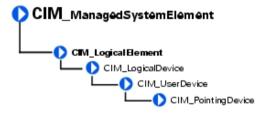
Parent Class: CIM\_LogicalDevice

 Property
 Description
 Data Type

 IsLocked
 Indicates if the device is locked,
 Boolean

preventing user input or output.

### CIM\_PointingDevice



The **CIM\_PointingDevice** class described in Table below includes those devices used to point to regions of a display. Examples of such devices are a mouse or a trackball.

#### Table 30. CIM\_PointingDevice Properties

Class Name: CIM PointingDevice

Parent Class: CIM\_UserDevice

Property Description Data Type

PointingType Indicates the type of pointing device. uint16

Values for the **PointingType** property

are:

1 — Other

2 - Unknown

3 - Mouse

4 - Trackball

5 - Trackpoint

6 - Glidepoint

**7** - Touch pad

8 - Touch screen

9 - Mouse — optical sensor

NumberOfButtons Indicates the number of buttons. If the uint8

CIM\_PointingDevice has no buttons, a

value of 0 is returned.

Handedness Integer indicating if the uint16

CIM\_PointingDevice is configured for right- or left-handed operation. Values for the **Handedness** property are as

follows:

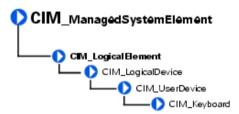
**0** - Unknown

1 - Not applicable

2 - Right-handed operation

3 - Left-handed operation

# CIM\_Keyboard



The CIM\_Keyboard class described in Table below includes devices that allow users to enter data.

#### Table 31. CIM\_Keyboard Properties

Class Name: CIM\_Keyboard

Parent Class: CIM UserDevice

Property	Description	Data Type
NumberOfFunctionKeys	Indicates the number of function keys on the keyboard.	uint16
Layout	A free-form string indicating the format and layout of the keyboard.	string
Password	An integer indicating if a hardware- level password is enabled at the	uint16

keyboard, preventing local input.
Values for the **Password** property are:

- **1** Other
- 2- Unknown
- 3- Disabled
- 4- Enabled
- 5- Not implemented

# CIM\_PowerSupply



The **CIM\_PowerSupply** class described in Table below contains devices that provide current and voltage for the operation of the system and its components

#### Table 32. CIM\_PowerSupply Properties

Property	Description		Data
Parent Class:	CIM_LogicalDevice		
Class Name:	CIM_PowerSupply		

Property	Description	Data Type
IsSwitchingSupply	Indicates that the power supply is a switching power supply and not a linear power supply.	Boolean
Range1InputVoltageLow	Indicates the low voltage in millivolts of input voltage range 1 for this power supply. A value of 0 denotes unknown.	uint32
Range1InputVoltageHigh	Indicates the high voltage in millivolts of input voltage range 1 for this power supply. A value of 0 denotes unknown.	uint32
ActiveInputVoltage	Indicates which input voltage range is currently in use. Range 1, range 2, or both can be specified using the values 3, 4, or 5, respectively. If the supply is not drawing power, a value of 6 (neither) can be specified. This information is necessary in the case of an uninterruptible power supply (UPS), a subclass of power supply. Values for the <b>ActiveInputVoltage</b> property are:  1 - Other	uint16

1 - Other 2 - Unknown 3 - Range 1 4 - Range 2

5 - Both range 1 and range 2

6 - Neither range 1 nor range 2

TotalOutputPower Represents the total output power of uint32

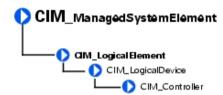
the power supply in milliwatts. A value of 0 denotes that the power

output is unknown.

PMCapable Indicates the Power Monitoring Boolean

capability.

### CIM\_Controller



The **CIM\_Controller** class described in below Table properties , groups miscellaneous control-related devices. Examples of controllers are small computer system interface (SCSI) controllers, Universal Serial Bus (USB) controllers, and serial controllers.

#### Table 33. CIM\_Controller Properties

Class Name: CIM\_Controller

Parent Class: CIM\_LogicalDevice

 Property
 Description
 Data Type

 ProtocolSupported
 The protocol used by the controller to uint16

access controlled devices. Values for the **ProtocolSupported** property are:

1 - Other 2 - Unknown 3 - PCI

4 - Parallel protocol

## CIM\_ParallelController



The **CIM\_ParallelController** class described in below contains a set of objects that control parallel devices. Parallel controllers transfer 8 or 16 bits of data at a time to the devices they control, for example, a parallel port controlling a printer.

#### Table 34. CIM\_ParallelController Properties

Class Name: CIM ParallelController

Parent Class: CIM Controller

 Property
 Description
 Data Type

 DMASupport
 Set to TRUE if the parallel controller
 Boolean

supports DMA.

Security An enumeration indicating the uint16

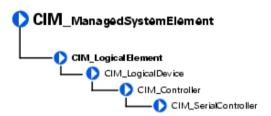
operational security for the controller. Values for the **Security** property are:

1 - Other
 2 - Unknown
 3 - None

4 - External interface locked out5 - External interface enabled

6 - Boot bypass

## CIM\_SerialController



The **CIM\_SerialController** class described in Table below contains controllers that transfer data one bit at a time to the devices they control, for example, a serial port controlling a modem.

#### Table 35. CIM\_SerialController Properties

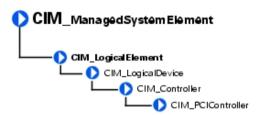
Class Name: CIM SerialController

Parent Class: CIM\_Controller

Property	Description	Data Type
MaxBaudRate	Indicates the maximum baud rate in bits per second supported by the serial controller.	uint32
Security	An enumeration indicating the operational security for the controller. Values for the <b>Security</b> property are:	uint16
	<b>1</b> - Other	
	<b>2</b> - Unknown	
	<b>3</b> - None	

- 4 External interface locked out
- 5 External interface enabled
- 6 Boot bypass

# CIM\_PCIController



The **CIM\_PCIController** class described in Table below contains a set of devices that follow the Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) protocol defined by the Personal Computer Memory Card International Association (PCMCIA). The PCI protocol defines how data is transferred between devices. The **CIM\_PCIController** class contains PCI adapters and bridges.

#### Table 36. CIM\_PCIController Properties

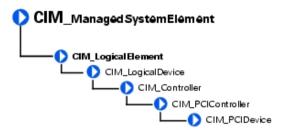
Class Name:	CIM_PCIController	
Parent Class:	CIM_Controller	
Property	Description	Data Type
CommandRegister	The current contents of the register that provide basic control over the device's ability to respond to, and/or perform PCI accesses. The data in the capabilities array is gathered from the PCI status register and the PCI capabilities list as defined in the PCI specification.  Values for the CommandRegister property are:  0 - Unknown  1 - Other  2 - Supports 66 MHz  3 - Supports user-definable features  4 - Supports fast back-to-back transactions  5 - PCI-X capable  6 - PCI power management supported  7 - Message signaled interrupts supported	uint16

8 - Parity error recovery capable

10 - Vital product data supported
11 — Provides slot identification
12 - Hot swap supported

9 - AGP supported

# CIM\_PCIDevice

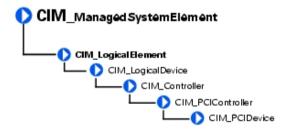


The **CIM\_PCIDevice** class shown in Table below describes the capabilities and management of a PCI device controller on an adapter card.

Table 37. CIM\_PCIDevice Properties

Class Name:	CIM_PCIDevice	
Parent Class:	CIM_PCIController	
Property	Description	Data Type
BaseAddress	Identifies an array of up to six doubleword base memory addresses.	uint32
SubsystemID	Identifies a subsystem identifier code.	uint16
SubsystemVendorID	Identifies a subsystem vendor ID. ID information is reported from a PCI device via protocol-specific requests. This information is also present in the CIM_PhysicalElement class (the manufacturer property) for hardware, and the CIM_Product class (the vendor property) for information related to product acquisition.	uint16
ExpansionROMBaseAddress	Identifies a double-word expansion ROM base memory address.	uint32

# CIM\_PCIBridge



The **CIM\_PCIBridge** class described in <u>PCIBridge Properties</u> describes the capabilities and management of a PCI controller providing bridge-to-bridge capability. An example is a PCI to Industry-Standard Architecture (ISA) bus bridge.

#### Table 38. CIM\_PCIBridge Properties

Class Name: CIM\_PCIBridge

Parent Class: CIM\_PCIController

 Property
 Description
 Data Type

 BaseAddress
 Identifies an array of double-word
 uint32

BaseAddress Identifies an array of double-word base memory addresses.

dicates the type of bridge. A bridge uint16

uint32

BridgeType Indicates the type of bridge. A bridge

is PCI to <*value*>, except for the Host, which is a host-to-PCI bridge. Values for the **BridgeType** property are as

follows: **0** - Host **1** - ISA

128 - Other

BaseAddress Identifies an array of double-word

base memory addresses.

# CIM\_Processor



The **CIM\_Processor** class described in Table below contains devices that interpret and execute commands, for example, the Intel Xeon microprocessor.

#### Table 39. CIM\_Processor Properties

Class Name: CIM Processor

Parent Class: CIM Logical Device

 Property
 Description
 Data Type

 Role
 A string describing the role of the microprocessor, for example, central microprocessor or math processor.
 string

 UpgradeMethod
 Provides microprocessor socket information including data on how this
 uint16

microprocessor can be upgraded (if upgrades are supported). This property is an integer enumeration. Values for the UpgradeMethod property are as follows:

1 - Other2 - Unknown3 - Daughter board

4 - ZIF socket

5 - Replacement/piggy back

6 - None

7 - LIF socket

8 - Slot 1

9 - Slot 2

10 - 370-pin socket

19 - Socket mPGA604

20 - Socket LGA771

21 - Socket LGA775

22 - Socket S1

23 - Socket AM2

24 - Socket F (1207)

25 - Socket LGA1366

MaxClockSpeed Indicates the maximum speed (in uint32

MHz) of this microprocessor.

Core count Indicates the number of core uint16

processors detected.

CoreEnabledCount Indicates the number of core uint16

processors enabled.

CurrentClockSpeed Indicates the current speed (in MHz) uint32

of this microprocessor.

DataWidth Indicates the processor data width in uint16

bits.

AddressWidth Indicates the processor address uint16

width in bits.

Stepping Indicates the revision level of the string

processor within the microprocessor

family.

UniqueID Identifies a globally unique identifier string

for the microprocessor. This identifier

may only be unique within a microprocessor family.

Brand Indicates the brand name of the string

processor.

Model Indicates the model name of the string

processor.

ExtendedCharacteristics Indicates the extended capabilities of uint16

the processor. This attribute is a bit field. The following are the definitions

of a bit when set to one:

Bit 0 — Virtualization Technology (VT)

supported

Bit 1 — Demand-Based Switching

(DBS) supported

Bit 2 — eXecute Disable (XD) supported Bit 3 — Hyper Threading (HT) supported ExtendedStates Indicates the setting of the extended uint16 capabilities of the processor. This attribute is a bit field. The following are the definitions of a bit when set to Bit 0 — Virtualization Technology (VT) enabled Bit 1 — Demand-Based Switching (DBS) enabled Bit 2 — eXecute Disable (XD) enabled Bit 3 — Hyper Threading (HT) enabled **CPUStatus** Indicates the current status of the uint16 microprocessor. For example, it may be disabled by the user through the BIOS or disabled due to a POST error. Values for the CPUStatus property are as follows: 0 - Unknown 1 - Microprocessor enabled 2 - Microprocessor disabled by user through BIOS setup 3 - Microprocessor disabled by BIOS (POST error) 4 - Microprocessor is idle **5** - Other Family Refers to the processor family type. uint16 Values for the Family property are as follows: 1 - Other 2 - Unknown **3** - 8086 4 - 80286 **5** - 80386 **6** - 80486 **7** - 8087 8 - 80287 9 - 80387 **10** - 80487 11 - Pentium Brand 12 - Pentium Pro 13 - Pentium II

14 - Pentium processor with MMX

technology **15** - Celeron **16** - Pentium II Xeon

49

- 17 Pentium III
- 18 M1 family
- 19 M2 family
- 24 AMD Duron processor
- 25 K5 family
- 26 K6 family
- **27** K6 -2
- 28 K6-3
- 29 AMD Athlon processor family
- 30 AMD29000 family
- 31 K6-2+
- 32 Power PC family
- 33 Power PC 601
- 34 Power PC 603
- 35 Power PC 603+
- 36 Power PC 604
- 37 Power PC 620
- 38- Power PC X704
- 39- Power PC 750
- 40 Intel Core Duo processor
- 41 Intel Core Duo mobile processor
- 42 Intel Core Solo mobile processor
- 43 Intel Atom processor
- 48 Alpha family
- 49 Alpha 21064
- 50 Alpha 21066
- 51 Alpha 21164
- 52 Alpha 21164
- 53 Alpha 21164a
- 54 Alpha 21264
- 55 Alpha 21364
- **60** AMD Opteron 4100 Series processor
- 64 MIPS family
- 65 MIPS R4000
- 66 MIPS R4200
- 67 MIPSR4400
- 68 MIPS R4600
- **69** MIPS R10000
- 80 SPARC family
- 81 SuperSPARC
- or ouperor / ino
- 82 microSPARC II
- 83 microSPARC Ilep
- 84 UltraSPARC
- 85 UltraSPARC II
- 86 UltraSPARC IIi

- 87 UltraSPARC III
- 88 UltraSPARC IIIi
- **96** 68040
- 97 68xxx family
- **98** 68000
- **99** 68010
- **100** 68020
- **101** 68030
- 112 Hobbit family
- 120 Crusoe 5000 family
- 121 Crusoe 3000 family
- 122 Efficeon 8000 family
- 128 Weitek
- 130 Itanium processor
- 131 AMD Athlon 64 processor family
- 132 AMD Opteron processor family
- 133 AMD Sempron processor family
- 134 AMD Turion 64 Mobile technology
- **135** Dual-Core AMD Opteron processor family
- **136** AMD Athlon 64 X2 Dual-Core processor family
- 137 AMD Turion 64 X2 Mobile technology
- **138** Quad-Core AMD Opteron processor family
- **139** Third-Generation AMD Opteron processor family
- **140** AMD Phenom FX Quad-Core processor family
- **141** AMD Phenom X4 Quad-Core processor family
- **142** AMD Phenom X2 Dual-Core processor family
- **143** AMD Athlon X2 Dual-Core processor family
- 144 PA-RISC family
- 145 PA-RISC 8500
- 146 PA-RISC 8000
- 147 PA-RISC 7300LC
- 148 PA-RISC 7200
- 149 PA-RISC 7100LC
- 150 PA-RISC 7100
- 160 V30 family
- 161 Quad-Core Intel Xeon processor
- 3200 Series
- **162** Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 3000 Series

- **163** Quad-Core Intel Xeon processor 5300 Series
- **164** Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 5100 Series
- **165** Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 5000 Series
- **166** Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor LV
- **167** Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor ULV
- **168** Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7100 Series
- **169** Quad-Core Intel Xeon processor 5400 Series
- 170 Quad-Core Intel Xeon processor
- **171** Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 5200 Series
- **172** Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7200 Series
- **173** Quad-Core Intel Xeon processor 7300 Series
- **174** Quad-Core Intel Xeon processor 7400 Series
- **175** Multi-Core Intel Xeon processor 7400 Series
- 176 Pentium III Xeon
- **177** Pentium III Processor with Intel SpeedStep
- 178- Technology
- 179 Pentium 4
- 180 Intel Xeon
- 181 AS400 family
- 182 Intel Xeon Processor MP
- 183 AMD Athlon XP family
- 184 AMD Athlon MP family
- 185 Intel Itanium 2
- 186- Intel Pentium M processor
- 187 Intel Celeron D processor
- 188 Intel Pentium D processor
- **189** Intel Pentium Extreme Edition processor
- 190- Intel Core 2 processor
- 192 Intel Core 2 Solo processor
- 193 Intel Core 2 Extreme processor
- 194- Intel Core 2 Quad processor
- **195** Intel Core 2 Extreme mobile processor
- **196** Intel Core 2 Duo mobile processor

- **197** Intel Core 2 Solo mobile processor
- 198 Intel Core i7 processor
- **199** Dual-Core Intel Celeron processor
- 200 S/390 and zSeries family
- 201- ESA/390 G4
- 202- ESA/390 G5
- 203- ESA/390 G6
- 204 z/Architecture base
- 206 CEh 206 Intel Core i3 processor
- 214 Multi-Core Intel Xeon processor
- **215** Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 3xxx Series
- **216** Quad-Core Intel Xeon processor 3xxx Series
- **217** D9h 217 VIA Nano processor family
- **218** Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 5xxx Series
- **219** Quad-Core Intel Xeon processor 5xxx Series
- **221** Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7xxx Series
- **222** Dual-Core Intel Xeon processor 7xxx Series
- 223 Multi-Core Intel Xeon processor 7xxx Series
- **224** E0h 224 Multi-Core Intel Xeon processor 3400 Series
- 230 Embedded AMD Opteron Quad-Core processor family
- 231 AMD Phenom Triple-Core processor family
- **232** AMD Turion Ultra Dual-Core Mobile processor family
- 233 AMD Turion Dual-Core Mobile processor family
- 234 AMD Turion Dual-Core Mobile processor family
- **235** AMD Sempron SI processor family
- 238 AMD Opteron Six-Core processor family
- **250** i860
- **251** i960
- 260 SH-3
- 261 SH-4
- 280 ARM
- 281 StrongARM

300 - 6x86

301 - MediaGX

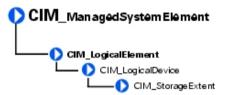
302 - MII

320 - WinChip

350- DSP

500 - Video processor

## CIM\_StorageExtent



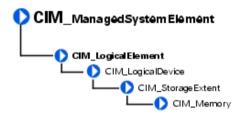
The **CIM\_StorageExtent** identified in Table below contains devices that manage data storage, for example, hard drives or microprocessor memory.

#### Table 40. CIM\_StorageExtent Properties

Class Name: CIM\_StorageExtent

Parent Class: CIM LogicalDevice

### **CIM\_Memory**



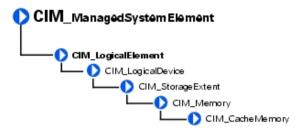
The **CIM\_Memory** class identified in Table below describes the capabilities and management of storage extent devices, for example, cache memory or system memory.

#### Table 41. CIM\_Memory Properties

Class Name: CIM Memory

Parent Class: CIM StorageExtent

# CIM\_CacheMemory



The **CIM\_CacheMemory** class described in <u>CacheMemoryProperties</u> describes the capabilities and management of cache memory. Cache memory allows a microprocessor to access data and instructions faster than normal system memory

#### Table 42. CIM\_CacheMemory Properties

Class Name: CIM\_CacheMemory

Parent Class:	CIM_Memory	
Property	Description	Data Type
Level	Defines if this is the primary, secondary, or tertiary cache. Values for the Level property are as follows:  1- Other  2- Unknown  3- Primary  4 - Secondary  5- Tertiary  6- Not applicable	uint16
WritePolicy	Defines if this cache is a write-back or write-through cache or if this information varies with address or is defined individually for each input/output (I/O). Values for the WritePolicy property are as follows:  1- Other  2- Unknown  3- Write-back  4 - Write-through  5- Varies with address  6- Determination per I/O	uint16
CacheType	Defines if this cache is for instruction caching, data caching, or both (unified). Values for the <b>CacheType</b> property are as follows:  1- Other  2- Unknown	uint16

3- Instruction

4- Data

5- Unified

LineSize Indicates the size, in bytes, of a single uint32

cache bucket or line.

ReadPolicy Defines the policy used by the cache uint16

for handling read requests. Values for

the ReadPolicy property are as

follows:

1- Other

2- Unknown

3- Read

4- Read-ahead

5- Read and read-ahead

6- Determination per I/O

## **DELL\_SoftwareFeature**



The **DELL\_SoftwareFeature** described in Table below defines the universal resource locator (URL) of the systems management software and the language in which systems management information displays. Defining these properties enables users to manage a system using an Internet browser. You can access Server Administrator using the secure hypertext transfer protocol (https) and a preassigned port number of 1311, or you can specify a port number of your own choice.

Table 43. DELL\_SoftwareFeature Properties

Class Name:	DELL_SoftwareFeature	
Parent Class:	CIM_SoftwareFeature	
Property	Description	Data Type
OmsaURL	Defines the URL for Server Administrator.	string
Language	Sets the language for systems management information.	string
AgentVersion	Defines the version information of local CIM agent (same as ISVC version.)	string

### CIM\_BIOSElement



The **CIM\_BIOSElement** class listed in <u>BIOSElement Properties</u> describes the BIOS for the system. The BIOS controls the following:

- Communications between the microprocessor and peripheral devices, such as the keyboard and the video adapter.
- Miscellaneous functions, such as system messages.

#### Table 44. CIM\_BIOSElement Properties

Class Name:	CIM_BIOSElement	
Parent Class:	CIM_SoftwareElement	
Property	Description	Data Type
Version	Provides the product version information.	string
Manufacturer	See Common Properties of Classes	string
PrimaryBIOS	Specifies whether a given BIOS is the primary BIOS for the system. When the value = TRUE, the BIOS is the primary BIOS.	Boolean

## CIM\_SoftwareFeature



The **CIM\_SoftwareFeature** class described in Table properties below defines a particular function or capability of a product or application system. This class is intended to be meaningful to a consumer, or user of a product, rather than to explain how the product is built or packaged. When a software feature can exist on multiple platforms or operating systems (for example, a client component of a three-tiered client/server application might run on Windows Server 2003), a software feature is a collection of all the software elements for these different platforms. The users of the model must be aware of this situation because typically they are interested in a sub-collection of the software elements required for a particular platform.

Table 45. CIM\_SoftwareFeature Properties

Class Name: CIM\_SoftwareFeature

Parent Class: CIM\_LogicalElement

**Data Type Property** Description IdentifyingNumber Provides product identification such string as a serial number of the software ProductName Identifies the commonly used product string name. Vendor Identifies the name of the product's string supplier. Corresponds to the vendor property in the product object in the DMTF solution exchange standard. Version Identifies the product version string information. Corresponds to the version property in the product object in the DMTF solution exchange standard. Name Defines the label by which the object string is known to the users. This label is a user-defined name that uniquely identifies the element.

### **DELL SoftwareFeature**



The **DELL\_SoftwareFeature** described in Table below defines the universal resource locator (URL) of the systems management software and the language in which systems management information displays. Defining these properties enables users to manage a system using an Internet browser. You can access Server Administrator using the secure hypertext transfer protocol (https) and a preassigned port number of 1311, or you can specify a port number of your own choice.

Table 46. DELL\_SoftwareFeature Properties

Class Name:	DELL_SoftwareFeature	
Parent Class:	CIM_SoftwareFeature	
Property	Description	Data Type
OmsaURL	Defines the URL for Server Administrator.	string
Language	Sets the language for systems management information.	string

Class Name:	DELL_SoftwareFeature	
Parent Class:	CIM_SoftwareFeature	
Property	Description	Data Type
AgentVersion	Defines the version information of local CIM agent (same as ISVC version.)	string

## CIM\_SystemResource



The **CIM\_SystemResource** class described in Table below provides access to system resources from an operating system. System resources consist of interrupt requests (IRQs) and direct memory access (DMA) capabilities.

#### Table 47. CIM\_SystemResource Properties

Class Name: CIM\_SystemResource

Parent Class: CIM LogicalElement

### CIM\_IRQ



The **CIM\_IRQ** class described in Properties Table below , contains IRQ information. An IRQ is a signal that data is about to be sent to or received by a peripheral device. The signal travels by an IRQ line to the microprocessor. Each peripheral connection must be assigned an IRQ number. For example, the first serial port in the computer (COM1) is assigned to IRQ4 by default.

#### Table 48. CIM\_IRQ Properties

Class Name:	CIM_IRQ

Parent Class: CIM\_SystemResource

Property	Description	Data Type
CSCreationClassName	See Common Properties of Classes	string
CSName	See Common Properties of Classes	string
CreationClassName	See Common Properties of Classes	string
IRQNumber	Identifies the interrupt request number.	uint32

Availability

Indicates the availability of the IRQ. uint16 Values for the Availability property are as follows:

- 1- Other
- 2- Unknown
- 3- Available
- 4 In use/not available
- 5- In use and available

TriggerLevel

Indicates if the interrupt is triggered by the hardware signal going high or low. Values for the TriggerLevel property are as follows:

- 1- Other
- 2- Unknown
- 3- Active low
- 4- Active high

TriggerType

Indicates if edge (value=4) or level uint16 triggered (value=3) interrupts occur.

- 1- Other
- 2- Unknown
- 3- Level
- 4- Edge

Shareable

Indicates if the IRQ can be shared. A Boolean value of TRUE indicates that the IRQ

can be shared.

Hardware

Indicates if the interrupt is hardwareor software-based. (A value of TRUE indicates that the interrupt is hardware based.) On a personal computer, a hardware IRQ is a physical wire to a programmable interrupt controller (PIC) chip set through which the microprocessor can be notified of time critical events. Some IRQ lines are reserved for standard devices such as the keyboard, diskette drive, and the system clock. A software interrupt is a programmatic mechanism to allow an application to get the attention of the processor.

Boolean

uint16

# CIM\_MemoryMappedIO



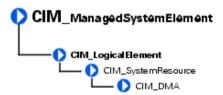
The **CIM\_MemoryMappedIO** class described in properties Table below addresses both memory and port I/O resources for personal computer architecture memory mapped I/O.

#### Table 49. CIM\_MemoryMappedIO Properties

Class Name:	CIM_MemoryMappedIO
Parent Class:	CIM_SystemResource

Farent Class.	CIM_3 ys tem Resource	
Property	Description	Data Type
CSCreationClassName	See Common Properties of Classes	string
CSName	See Common Properties of Classes	string
CreationClassName	See Common Properties of Classes	string
StartingAddress	Identifies the starting address of memory mapped I/O.	uint64
EndingAddress	Identifies the ending address of memory mapped I/O.	uint64
MappedResource	Indicates the type of memory mapped I/O. MappedResource defines if memory or I/O is mapped, and for I/O, if the mapping is to a memory or a port space. Memory mapped I/O values are as follows:  1- Other  2- Mapped memory  3 - I/O mapped to memory space  4- I/O mapped to port space	uint16

# CIM\_DMA



The **CIM\_DMA** class described in <u>DMA Properties</u> contains DMA information. A DMA channel allows certain types of data transfer between RAM and a device to bypass the microprocessor.

#### Table 50. CIM\_DMA Properties

Class Name:	CIM_DMA	
Parent Class:	CIM_SystemResource	
Property	Description	Data Type
CSCreationClassName	See Common Properties of Classes	string
CSName.	See Common Properties of Classes	string
CreationClassName	See Common Properties of Classes	string
DMAChannel	A part of the object's key value, the DMA channel number.	uint32
Availability	Availability of the DMA. <b>Availability</b> values are defined as follows:	uint16
	<ul> <li>1 - Other</li> <li>2 - Unknown</li> <li>3 - Available</li> <li>4 - In Use/Not Available</li> <li>5 - In Use and Available/ Shareable</li> </ul>	

# CIM\_RedundancyGroup



The **CIM\_RedundancyGroup** class described in Table properties below is a set of components that provide more instances of a critical component than are required for the system's operation. The extra components are used in case of critical component failure. For example, multiple power supplies allow a working power supply to take over when another power supply has failed.

CIM RedundancyGroup

#### Table 51. CIM\_RedundancyGroup Properties

Class Name:

Parent Class:	CIM_LogicalElement	
Property	Description	Data Type
CreationClassName	See Common Properties of Classes	string
Name	Serves as the key for the redundancy group's instance in an enterprise environment.	string
RedundancyStatus	Provides information on the state of the redundancy group. Values for the <b>RedundancyStatus</b> property are as follows:	uint16

- 0- Unknown
- 1- Other
- 2- Fully redundant. Fully redundant all of the configured redundancy is still available.
- 3 Degraded redundancy. Degraded redundancy that some failures have been experienced but some reduced amount of redundancy is still available.
- 4 Redundancy lost. Redundancy lost that a sufficient number of failures have occurred so that no redundancy is available and the next failure experienced causes overall failure.

### CIM\_ExtraCapacityGroup



The CIM\_ExtraCapacityGroup class described in below properties Table applies to systems that have more capability and components than are required for normal operation, for example, systems that have extra fans or power supplies. Table 52. CIM\_ExtraCapacityGroup Properties

Class Name: CIM ExtraCapacityGroup

Parent Class: CIM RedundancyGroup

 Property
 Description
 Data Type

 MinNumberNeeded
 Specifies the smallest number of uint32

Specifies the smallest number of elements that must be operational in order to have redundancy. For example, in an N+1 redundancy relationship, the MinNumberNeeded property should be set to N.

## DELL\_PSRedundancyGroup



The **DELL\_PSRedundancyGroup** described in Table below is a Dell-specific extension of the **CIM\_ExtraCapacityGroup** class. The **DELL\_PSRedundancyGroup** class defines what constitutes power supply redundancy in a system.

#### Table 53. DELL\_PSRedundancyGroup Properties

Class Name: DELL PSRedundancyGroup

Parent Class: CIM ExtraCapacityGroup

## DELL\_FanRedundancyGroup



The **DELL\_FanRedundancyGroup** described in Table below defines what constitutes fan redundancy in a system. **Table 54. DELL\_FanRedundancyGroup Properties** 

Class Name: DELL FanRedundancyGroup

Parent Class: CIM ExtraCapacityGroup

### CIM\_EnabledLogicalElement



The **CIM\_EnabledLogicalElement** class described in Table below extends the **CIM\_LogicalElement** class to abstract the concept of an element that is enabled or disabled, such as a LogicalDevice or ServiceAccessPoint.

#### Table 55. CIM\_EnabledLogicalElement Properties

Class Name: CIM\_EnabledLogicalElementGroup

Parent Class: CIM LogicalElementGroup

# CIM\_ServiceAccessPoint



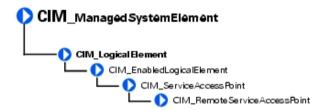
The **CIM\_ServiceAccessPoint** class described in Table below represents the ability to utilize or invoke a service. Access points indicate that a service is available to other entities for use.

#### Table 56. CIM\_ServiceAccessPoint Properties

Class Name: CIM ServiceAccessPoint

Parent Class: CIM EnabledLogicalElement

# CIM\_RemoteServiceAccessPoint



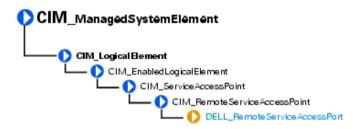
The **CIM\_RemoteServiceAccessPoint** class identified in Table below describes the accessing and addressing of information for a remote connection that is known to a *local* network element. This information is contained in the *local* network element since this is the context in which it is *remote*. The relevance of the remote service access point and information on its use are described by subclassing or associating to the **CIM\_RemoteServiceAccessPoint** class.

Table 57. CIM\_RemoteServiceAccessPoint Properties

Class Name:	CIM_RemoteServiceAccessPointGroup	
Parent Class:	CIM_ServiceAccessPointGrou P	
Property	Description	Data Type
AccessInfo	Describes accessing or addressing of information for a remote connection. This can be a host name, network address, and other similar information.	string
InfoFormat	Indicates an enumerated integer describing the format and interpretation of the AccessInfo property. This property can have the following values:	uint16
	1 - Other	
	<b>2</b> - Host Name	
	<b>3</b> - IPv4 Address	
	4 - IPv6 Address	
	5 - IPX Address	
	6 - DECnet Address	
	7 - SNA Address	
	8 - Autonomous System Number	
	9 - MPLS Label	
	1099 - DMTF Reserved	

Class Name:	CIM_RemoteServiceAccessIntGroup	Poi	
Parent Class:	CIM_ServiceAccessPointGr p	ou	
Property	Description	Data Type	
	<b>100</b> - Dial String		
	101 - Ethernet Address		
	102 - Token Ring Address		
	103 - ATM Address		
	104 - Frame Relay Address		
	<b>105199</b> - DMTF Reserved		
	<b>200</b> - URL		
	3276865535 - Vendor Specific		

# DELL\_RemoteServiceAccessPort



The **DELL\_RemoteServiceAccessPort** class described in Table below is an extended class of the **CIM\_RemoteServiceAccessPoint** class. The **DELL\_RemoteServiceAccessPort** class provides information about Dell implementation-specific attributes

DELL RemoteServiceAccessP

#### Table 58. DELL\_RemoteServiceAccessPort Properties

Class Name:

	ort -	
Parent Class:	CIM_RemoteServiceAccessPo int	
Property	Description	Data Type
PortName	Displays the name of the service access port.	string
VersionString	Indicates the version of the access point service.	string
RemoteAccessType	Indicated the type of remote access service. This property can have the following values: <b>0-</b> BMC	uint16
	8- IMC	
	• 11110	

9 - CMC

- iDRAC6
- 11 iDRAC6 for modular systems
- BMC
- iDRAC7
- 17 iDRAC7 for modular systems

# **Dell-Defined Classes**

Dell-defined classes are defined and populated by Dell rather than by the Common Information Model (CIM). For information on how the logs are formatted, see <u>DELL\_Chassis Properties</u>.



The DELL\_EsmLog class described in <u>DELL\_EsmLog Properties</u> records failure threshold violations collected by Server Administrator's embedded server management (ESM) capabilities.

#### Table 59. DELL EsmLog Properties

Class Name:DELL\_EsmLog
Parent Class: None

Property	Description	Data Type
recordNumber	Provides an index to the ESM table.	uint32
logRecord	Provides the ESM message content.	string
eventTime	Indicates the time that the message is generated.	datetime
status	Indicates the severity of the event that caused the log to be generated.	string

# DELL\_PostLog



The DELL\_PostLog class described in <u>DELL\_PostLog Properties</u> is a record of the system's power-on self-test (POST). When you turn on a system, the POST tests various system components, such as random-access memory (RAM), the hard drives, and the keyboard.

#### Table 60. DELL\_PostLog Properties

Class Name: DELL PostLog

Parent Class: None

## **DELL\_CMApplication**



NOTE: Dell-updateable components, such as BIOS and firmware, are considered applications.

### CIM\_ManagedSystemElement

### DELL\_CMApplication

The  $\mathtt{DELL\_CMApplication}$  contains information related to the Dell change management applications.

#### Table 61. DELL\_CMApplication

Class Name: DELL\_CMApplication

Parent Class: None

Property	Description	Data Type
componentType	Defines the application type.	string
subComponentID	Defines an application string.	string
version	Indicates the current version of the application.	string
name	Indicates the name of the application.	string
deviceKey	Indicates the device key of the application.	string

# **DELL\_CMDevice**



### DELL\_CMDevice

The  $DELL\_CMDevice$  class described in  $\underline{DELL\_CMDevice}$  contains information related to the Dell change management device.

#### Table 62. DELL\_CMDevice Properties

Class Name: DELL CMDevice

Parent Class: None

Property	Description	Data Type
componentID	Defines a component string.	string
name	Indicates the name of the device.	string
vendorID	Defines an ID for vendor supplying the device.	string
subVendorID	Defines an ID for an additional vendor supplying the device.	string
deviceID	Indicates the ID of the device.	string

subDeviceID Indicates the ID for string additional device. bus Indicates the PCI bus string number. Indicates the PCI device device string number. Indicates the PCI function function string number.

### **DELL\_CMDeviceApplication**



#### CIM\_ManagedSystemElement



#### DELL\_CMDeviceApplications

The DELL CMDeviceApplication class described in CMDeviceApplication Properties contains information related to the Dell change management association between the device and application.

#### Table 63. DELL\_CMDeviceApplication Properties

Class Name: DELL CMDeviceApplication

Parent Class: None

Description **Data Type Property** antecedent Refers to the device. string dependent Refers to the application. string

### **DELL\_CMInventory**



#### CIM ManagedSystemElement



### DELL CMInventory

The DELL CMInventory class described in <u>DELL CMInventory Properties</u> contains information related to the Dell Change Management inventory.

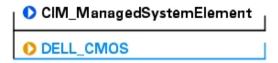
#### Table 64. DELL \_CMInventory Properties

Class Name: DELL CMInventory

Parent Class: None

Property	Description	Data Type
local	Indicates the locale of the system.	string
schemaVersion	Indicates the inventory schema implemented by the system.	string
systemID	Defines the system ID.	string

## **DELL\_CMOS**



The <code>DELL\_CMOS</code> class described in  $\underline{\text{DELL\_CMOS Properties}}$  contains information related to the Dell change management operating system.

#### Table 65. DELL\_CMOS Properties

Class Name: DELL\_CMOS
Parent Class:None

Property	Description	Data Type
architecture	Indicates the architecture of the operating system.	string
vendor	Indicates the vendor of the operating system.	string
majorVersion	Indicates the major version of the operating system.	string
minorVersion	Indicates the minor version of the operating system.	string
spMajorVersion	Indicates the current service pack number for the operating system's major version.	string
spMinorVersion	Indicates the current service pack number for the operating system's minor version.	string

# DELL\_CMProductInfo



 $\label{local_continuous} The \ {\tt DELL\_CMProductInfo}\ class \ described \ in \ \underline{\tt DELL\_CMProductInfo}\ Properties \ contains \ information \ related \ to \ the \ Dell\ change\ management\ product.$ 

#### Table 66. DELL\_CMProductInfo Properties

Class Name: DELL CMProductInfo

Parent Class: None

Property	Description	Data Type
name	Indicates the name of the	string

description Provides a short description string

of the product.

vendor Indicates the name of the string

product manufacturer.

version Indicates the current string

version number of the

product.

## **DELL\_BIOSExtensions**

The DELL\_BIOSExtensions identified in <u>DELL\_BIOSExtensions Properties</u> contains information related to the specific extension of the data attributes on your system.

### Table 67. DELL\_BIOSExtensions Properties

Class Name:	DELL_BIOSExtensions	
Parent Class:	CIM_ManagedSystemElement	
Property	Description	Data Type
systemBIOSCharacteristics	Indicates the characteristics of BIOS on your system.	uint64
systemBIOSCharacteristicsExt1	Indicates the specific extension of the data attributes on your system.	uint8
systemBIOSCharacteristicsExt2	Indicates the specific extension of the data attributes on your system.	uint8

## **DELL\_BIOSSettings**

The DELL\_BIOSSettings identified in <u>DELL\_BIOSSettings Properties</u> contains information related to setting parameters in the Dell System Management BIOS.

### Table 68. DELL\_BIOSSettings Properties

Class Name:	DELL_BIOSSettings	
Parent Class:	CIM_ManagedSystemElement	
Property	Description	Data Type
DellInstanceID	Defines the instance ID of this class.	uint32
TrustedPlatformModule	Enables or Disables the Trusted Platform Module (TPM). Values for the TPM property are:	uint8
	0 - Other	
	1 - Unsupported	
	2 - Off	
	3 - On with BIOS Management	
	4 - On without BIOS Measurement	

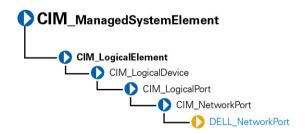
# DELL\_SDCardDevice

The **DELL\_SDCard** Devices identified in <u>DELL\_SDCardDevice Properties</u> contains information related to the SD card devices.

Table 69. DELL\_SDCardDevice Properties

DELL_SDCardDevice	
CIM_LogicalDevice	
Description	Data Type
An enumerated storage device type. The values for this property are:	uint8
1 - Other	
2 - Unknown	
3 - Hypervisor SD	
4 - Virtual Flash SD	
Indicates the licensing information of SD media. The values for this property are:	uint8
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Indicates the size of the storage device in MB.	uint32
Indicates the available size of SD Media in MB.	uint32
Indicates the value of the SD Card. The values for this property are:  0 - Present  1 and 2 - Reserved  3 - Offline Detected  4 - Failed Detectez  5 - Active  6 - Bootable	
	Description  An enumerated storage device type. The values for this property are:  1 - Other  2 - Unknown  3 - Hypervisor SD  4 - Virtual Flash SD  Indicates the licensing information of SD media. The values for this property are:  0 - Unknown  1 - Unlicensed  2 - Licensed  Indicates the size of the storage device in MB.  Indicates the available size of SD Media in MB.  Indicates the value of the SD Card. The values for this property are:  0 - Present  1 and 2 - Reserved  3 - Offline Detected  4 - Failed Detectez  5 - Active

## DELL\_NetworkPort



The **Dell\_Network Port** class described in <u>DELL\_NetworkPort Properties</u> represents the Dell-specific features of the network adapters.

#### Table 70. DELL\_NetworkPort Properties

Class Name: DELL\_NetworkPort

Parent Class: CIM Network Port

Property Description Data Type

NIC Capabilities 
NIC Capabilities bitmask indicates the uint 32

capabilities of the NIC.

The bitmask for the NIC Capability

property are:

Bit 0, Value 0 - Reporting NIC capabilities through this attribute is

not supported.

Bit 0, Value 1 - Reporting NIC capabilities through this attribute is

supported.

Bit 1, Value 0 - NIC is not TOE capable. Bit 1, Value 1 - NIC is TOE capable.

Bit 2, Value 0 - NIC is not iSCSI

capable.

Bit 2, Value 1 - NIC is iSCSI capable. Bit 3, Value 0 - NIC is not FCoE

capable.

Bit 3, Value 1 - NIC is FCoE capable.

NIC TOE Capability Defines the TOE capability of the NIC. uint 32

Values for the NIC TOE Capability

property are:

0 - NIC/driver does not support querying for capability.

1 - NIC/driver supports querying for capability but query returned an error.

2 - NIC/driver supports querying for capability and querying indicates that it is capable.

4 - NIC/driver supports querying for capability and querying indicates that

it is not capable.

8 - NIC/driver supports querying for capability but an error prevented querying the NIC/driver.

16 - NIC/driver supports querying for capability but NIC/driver did not respond to query.



**NOTE:** Boolean value is defined if TOE is enabled (Boolean is

TOEEnable).

NIC RDMA Capability Defines the RDMA capability of the uint 32

NIC.

Values for the NIC RDMA Capability property are:

- 0 NIC/driver does not support querying for capability.
- 1 NIC/driver supports querying for capability but query returned an error.
- 2 NIC/driver supports querying for capability and querying indicates that it is capable.
- 4 NIC/driver supports querying for capability and querying indicates that it is not capable.
- 8 NIC/driver supports querying for capability but an error prevented querying the NIC/driver.
- 16 NIC/driver supports querying for capability but NIC/driver did not respond to query.



**NOTE:** Boolean value is defined if RDMA is enabled (Boolean is RDMAEnable).

NIC iSCSI Capability

Defines the iSCSI capability of the

Values for the NIC iSCSI Capability property are:

- 0 NIC/driver does not support querying for capability.
- 1 NIC/driver supports querying for capability but query returned an error.
- 2 NIC/driver supports querying for capability and querying indicates that it is capable.
- 4 NIC/driver supports querying for capability and querying indicates that it is not capable.
- 8 NIC/driver supports querying for capability but an error prevented querying the NIC/driver.
- 16 NIC/driver supports querying for capability but NIC/driver did not respond to query.



**NOTE:** Boolean value is defined if iSCSI is enabled (Boolean is iSCSIEnable).

**NIC Status** 

Indicates the status of the NIC or driver.

uint 32

uint 32

The values for the NIC Status property are:

- 0 Unknown
- 1 Connected
- 2 Disconnected

	<ul> <li>3 - Driver is bad</li> <li>4 - Driver is disabled</li> <li>10 - Hardware is initializing</li> <li>12 - Hardware is closing</li> <li>13 - Hardware is not ready</li> </ul>	
BusNumber	Indicates the PCI bus number.	uint 8
DeviceNumber	Indicates the PCI device number.	uint 8
FunctionNumber	Indicates the PCI function number.	uint 8
DriverVersion	Indicates the NIC driver version.	string
IPAddresss	Indicates the NIC IP address.	string
SubnetMask	Indicates the NIC subnet mask.	string
DHCPServer	Indicates the DHCP server.	string
DefaultGateway	Indicates the default gateway.	string
CurrentMacAddress	Indicates the NIC's current MAC address.	string
OSAdapterDescription	Describes the operating system adapter.	string
OSProductName	Describes the product name of the operating system.	string
ServiceName	Indicates the service name.	string

# ${\tt DELL\_PowerConsumptionAmpsSensor}$

 $\label{lem:consumptionAmpsSensor} The \ DELL\_PowerConsumptionAmpsSensor\ identified\ in\ \underline{DELL\_PowerConsumptionAmpsSensor}\ contains\ information\ related\ to\ monitoring\ the\ power\ consumption.$ 

Table 71. DELL\_PowerConsumptionAmpsSensor

Class Name:	DELL_PowerConsumptionAmpsS ensor	_
Parent Class:	CIM_Numeric Sensor	-
Property	Description	Data Type
UnitModifier	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
CurrentReading	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
IsLinear	See Common Properties of Classes	Boolean
Lower Threshold Non Critical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
UpperThresholdNonCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
LowerThresholdCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
UpperThresholdCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32

# DELL\_PowerConsumptionWattsSensor

The  $DELL_PowerConsumptionWattsSensor$  identified in  $\underline{DELL_PowerConsumptionWattsSensor}$  contains information related to monitoring the power consumption.

### Table 72. DELL \_PowerConsumptionWattsSensor

Class Name:	DELL_PowerConsumptionWatts Sensor	-
Parent Class:	CIM_Numeric Sensor	-
Property	Description	Data Type
UnitModifier	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
CurrentReading	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
IsLinear	See Common Properties of Classes	Boolean
LowerThresholdNonCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
UpperThresholdNonCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
LowerThresholdCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32
UpperThresholdCritical	See Common Properties of Classes	sint32

# DELL\_PowerConsumptionData

The **DELL\_PowerConsumptionData** identified in <u>DELL\_PowerConsumptionData</u> contains information about the total power consumed from a start time and peak values registered during a time period.

Table 73. DELL \_PowerConsumptionData

Class Name:	DELL_PowerConsumptionData	
Parent Class:	CIM_Logical Device	
Property	Description	Data Type
cumulative PowerReading	Indicates the total power consumed from a start time.	uint 32
peakAmpReading	Indicates the time from which the peak amperage reading is being monitored.	uint 16
peakWattReading	Indicates the time from which the peak watt reading is being monitored.	uint 16
ResetCounters	Is the function used to reset the peak readings.	uint 32
powerCapSetting	This refers to the user configured power setting.	uint 16
instHeadroom	This refers to the instantaneous headroom.	uint 32

Class Name:	DELL_PowerConsumptionData	
Parent Class:	CIM_Logical Device	
peakHeadRoom	Is the function used to set the power uint 32 budget.	

## DCIM\_OEM\_DataAccessModule

The DCIM\_OEM\_DataAccessModule class is derived from the CIM\_ManagedElement class. This class models hardware information in a proprietary format.



Class Name:	DCIM_OEM_DataAccessModule	
Parent Class:	CIM_ManagedElement	
Property	Description	Data Type
InstanceID	Identifies the instance.	string
GlobalStatus	Represents the global health status of the system. This property can have the following values:	sint32
	<b>0</b> - Other	
	1 - Unknown	
	<b>2</b> - OK	
	3 - Warning / Non-Critical	
	4 - Critical	
	5 - Non-Recoverable	
	Reserved	
	<b>NOTE:</b> GlobalStatus property is available only for Linux systems.	
SendCmd	The SendCmd method is used to invoke proprietary hardware management operation.	string
iDRACIPv4	Provides Remote Access controller (iDRAC) IPv4 address.	string
iDRACIPv6	Provides Remote Access controller (iDRAC) IPv6 address.	string

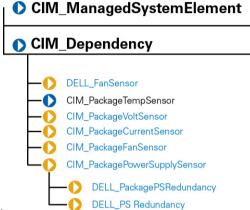
# ${\bf DCIM\_RegisteredProfile}$



The  $\mathtt{DCIM}\_\texttt{RegisteredProfile}$  class is derived from the  $\mathtt{CIM}\_\texttt{RegisteredProfile}$  class. This class advertises the capabilities of  $\mathtt{DCIM}$  OEM DataAccessModule.

# CIM\_Dependency

The CIM\_Dependency class is an association used to establish dependency relationships between two managed system elements. The CIM\_Dependency class described in the figure below does not have a parent class because it is a



relationship or association between two elements.

Each class derived from the CIM\_Dependency class has an element called an antecedent that represents the independent object in this association, and another element called a dependent that represents the object that is dependent on the antecedent. For example, consider two managed system elements: Chassis1 and PowerSupply3. Chassis1 is the antecedent element because a managed power supply would always be either contained in, or grouped with, a chassis.

## DELL\_FanSensor



The DELL\_FanSensor class described in <u>DELL\_FanSensor Properties</u> defines a Dell-specific association between a fan and a sensor. The CIM\_PackageFanSensor class contains fans that assist in cooling the entire package as opposed to a fan dedicated to cooling only some of the components in the package.

#### Table 74. DELL\_FanSensor Properties

Class Name: DELL\_FanSensor Parent Class:CIM\_Dependency

Element	Description
Antecedent	${\tt CIM\_Tachometer}$ refers to the tachometer (fan sensor) that measures the RPM of the fan.
Dependent	${\tt CIM\_Fanrefers} \ to \ the \ fan \ whose \ revolutions \\ are \ measured \ by \ the \ tachometer.$

### CIM\_PackageTempSensor

### CIM\_ManagedSystemElement

### CIM\_Dependency

CIM\_PackageTempSensor

The CIM\_PackageTempSensor class described in <u>CIM\_PackageTempSensor Properties</u> contains temperature sensors that are often installed in a package such as a chassis or a rack to assist in the monitoring of the package in general. This relationship is described by the CIM\_PackageTempSensor association.

### Table 75. CIM\_PackageTempSensor Properties

Class Name: CIM\_PackageTempSensor

Parent Class: CIM Dependency

Element Description

Antecedent CIM TempSensor refers to the

temperature sensor for the package.

Dependent CIM PhysicalPackage refers to

the physical package whose environment is being monitored.

### CIM\_PackageVoltSensor

CIM\_ManagedSystemElement

CIM\_Dependency

- CIM\_PackageVoltSensor

The CIM\_PackageVoltSensor class described in <a href="CIM\_PackageVoltage">CIM\_PackageVoltage</a> Properties contains voltage sensors that are often installed in a package such as a chassis or a rack to assist in the monitoring of the package in general. This relationship is described by the CIM PackageVoltSensor association.

#### Table 76. CIM\_PackageVoltage Properties

Class Name: CIM Package VoltSensor

Parent Class: CIM\_Dependency

Element Description

Antecedent CIM PackageVoltSensor refers

to the voltage sensor for the package.

Dependent CIM Physical Package refers to

the physical package whose voltages

are being monitored.

### CIM\_PackageCurrentSensor





CIM\_PackageCurrentSensor

The CIM\_PackageCurrentSensor class described in <u>CIM\_PackageCurrentSensor Properties</u> contains amperage sensors that are often installed in a package such as a chassis or a rack to assist in the monitoring of the package in general. This relationship is described by the CIM\_PackageCurrentSensor association.

#### Table 77. CIM\_PackageCurrentSensor Properties

Class Name: CIM PackageCurrentSensor

Parent Class: CIM Dependency

Element Description

Antecedent CIM CurrentSensor refers to the

amperage sensor for the package.

Dependent CIM PhysicalPackagerefers to

the physical package whose amperage is being monitored.

## CIM\_PackageFanSensor







The CIM\_PackageFanSensor class described in <u>CIM\_PackageFanSensor Properties</u> contains fan sensors that monitor the whole package.

### Table 78. CIM\_PackageFanSensor Properties

Class Name:CIM\_PackageFanSensor
Parent Class: CIM Dependency

Element Description

Antecedent CIM\_Fan refers to the cooling device

for the package.

Dependent CIM PhysicalPackage refers to

the physical package whose environment is being monitored.

### CIM PackagePowerSupplySensor





CIM\_PackagePowerSupplySensor

The CIM PackagePowerSupplySensor class described in CIM PackagePowerSupplySensor Properties contains power supplies that provide power to the whole package.

#### Table 79. CIM PackagePowerSupplySensor Properties

Class Name: CIM PackagePowerSupplySensor

Parent Class: CIM Dependency

Element Description

Antecedent CIM PowerSupplySensor refers

> to the power supply sensor that monitors wattage for the entire

package.

Dependent CIM PhysicalPackage refers to

the package whose wattage is being

monitored.

### DELL PackagePSRedundancy







DELL\_PackagePSRedundancy

The DELL PackagePSRedundancy class described in DELL PackagePSRedundancy Properties defines what constitutes a power supply redundancy for an entire package.

#### Table 80. DELL\_PackagePSRedundancy Properties

Class Name: DELL PackagePSRedundancy

Parent Class: CIM Dependency

Element Description

DELL PSRedundancyGroup Antecedent

refers to power supplies that deliver wattage for the entire package.

Dependent CIM PhysicalPackagerefers to

the package to which the wattage is

being supplied.

### **DELL\_PSRedundancy**







- DELL\_PSRedundancy

The DELL PSRedundancy class described in DELL PSRedundancy Properties defines what constitutes a power supply redundancy for Dell systems.

### Table 81. DELL\_PSRedundancy Properties

Class Name: DELL PSRedundancy

Parent Class: CIM\_Dependency

Element Description

Antecedent CIM PowerSupplySensor refers

to the power supply sensor that monitors wattage for the entire

package.

Dependent CIM PhysicalPackage refers to

the package whose wattage is being

monitored

# DELL\_AssociatedSupplyPCAmps

The DELL\_AssociatedSupplyPCAmps class described in <u>DELL\_AssociatedSupplyPCAmps</u> is a PowerConsumptionAmpsSensor associated with a CIM\_PowerSupply which is defined by this class.

### Table 82. DELL \_AssociatedSupplyPCAmps

Class Name:	DELL_AssociatedSupplyPCAmp s		
Parent Class:	CIM_Dependency		
Property	Description	Data Type	
Antecedent	Indicates the PowerSupply instance.	uint 16	
Dependent	<pre>Indicates the PowerConsumptionAmpsSensor associated with the CIM_PowerSupply.</pre>	uint 16	

## DELL\_AssociatedSystemPCWatts

The DELL\_AssociatedSystemPCWatts class described in <a href="DELL\_AssociatedSystemPCWatts">DELL\_AssociatedSystemPCWatts</a> is a PowerConsumptionWattsSensor associated with a Dell System which is defined by this class.

### Table 83. DELL \_AssociatedSystemPCWatts

Class Name:	DELL_AssociatedSystemPCWatts		
Parent Class:	CIM_Dependency		
Property	Description	Data Type	
Antecedent	Indicates the Dell_System instance.	uint 16	
Dependent	<pre>Indicates the PowerConsumptionWattsSenso r associated with the system.</pre>	uint 16	

## AssociatedSystemPCData

The AssociatedSystemPCData identified in  $\underline{AssociatedSystemPCData}$  is a PowerConsumptionData associated with a  $Dell_System$  which is defined by this class.

Table 84. AssociatedSystemPCData

Class Name:	DELL_AssociatedSupplyPCAmp s CIM_Dependency	
Parent Class:		
Property	Description	Data Type
Antecedent	Indicates the Dell_System instance.	uint 16
Dependent	Indicates the PowerConsumptionData associated with the Power Supply.	uint 16

# DELL\_PowerProfileData

 $\label{lem:contains} \begin{tabular}{ll} The \verb|DELL_PowerProfileData| identified in $\underline{\tt DELL\_PowerProfileData}$ contains information related to power profiling and power knob data. \end{tabular}$ 

Table 85. DELL \_PowerProfileData

Class Name:	DELL_PowerProfileData		
Parent Class:	CIM_LogicalDevice		
Property	Description	Data Type	
chassisIndex	Indicates the chassisIndex for this power profile.	uint 8	
supportedProfile	Indicates the supported profiles.	uint 16	
profileSetting	Indicates the Profile setting.	uint 16	
customCPUCaps	Indicates the Custom Profile CPU management capability.	uint 16	
customCPUSettings	Indicates the Custom Profile CPU management setting.	uint 16	
customMemCaps	Indicates the Custom Profile memory management capability.	uint 16	
customMemSettings	Indicates the Custom Profile memory management capability.	uint 16	
customFanSettings	Indicates the Custom Profile fan management setting.	uint 16	